Mahasweta Dev

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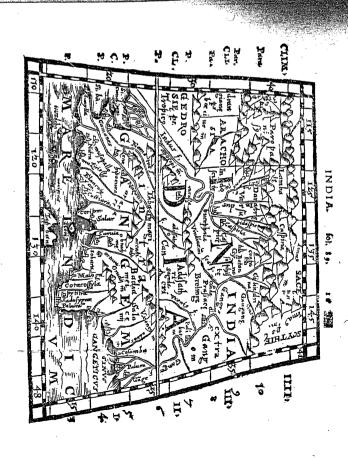
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Pterodactyl, Puran Sahay, and Pirtha

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Puran Sahay was sitting at the Block Development office when he heard the account of this unearthly terror.

His grandfather had named him Prarthana Puran—Prayer Fulfillment—for Puran's mother was producing one girl after another, and Puran's father had just left the Congress volunteers and become a Comnis [Communist] and was most unwilling to marry a second time for a son—in those days one could have called it a revolt.

67

Even Puran's mother had told her husband, "Get another wife. Our line will die without a son." The Father, "As a Comnis I cannot marry again."

- But a daughter will not carry the name.
- Son and daughter are the same to me. I'll send the girls to school, they'll be full human beings. I'm proud to be a father of

serve the line. So Grandfather went to the four great sacred places of India and offered his prayer. After all this the grandson was also came to the house. The grand name might owe something to A disobedient son, but one must have a male child to preborn. That is why he was given the name of Prarthana Puran. Among his father's friends there were journalists and poets who their high-toned conversations as well. Long after Grandfather's demise, when he was himself a journalist, ex-social worker, and independent, he changed his name.

thana" becomes a woman's name, his wife's name was Archana. So come into Archana's lap. It was Arjun who came. But just after to Puran's mother. To him "Mother" means the faded photograph She is protecting the money left by husband and father-in-law and will make a marriage for Arjun as soon as he's twenty. Puran is as he kept the name "Puran." His wife was very lively. She would say, "If we have a girl we'll call her Prarthana." But Prarthana didn't Arjun spent some time with his mother's brother and then returned of a smiling Archana on the wall. At fifteen, neither adolescent nor young man, Arjun is a good student at the "Udyog" School. Puran's the house at Kadamkuan. She has no confidence about Puran. She Which half to cut. Which to keep. A great problem. "Prar-Arjun arrived Archana died of eclampsia. Puran didn't marry again. mother manages the house with a firm hand even at seventy-five. obstinate as his father. He hasn't married since Archana died. Although, in middle age, he tastes loneliness.

rying his sister's unmarried teacher sister-in-law Saraswati. It as a reporter for the group of daily, weekly, and monthly papers Patna Dibasjyoti (formerly Patna Daylight). Now he feels like mar-Puran's elder sister lives in the neighborhood, so Puran's would have worked out if he had married her a bit before this. Now Arjun is growing up, a certain barrier of diffidence has come between Saraswati and Puran. Puran doesn't know what Arjun mother is not altogether helpless. Puran can thus circulate at will vill say. Arjun, with his English-medium schooling, his attraction

nas become even less tractable after his wits have sharpened in or karate, his hockey-playing, has remained a stranger to him. He science and mathematics quizzes.

manifestations of heat and light. Saraswati herself understands verse is most important to him. The elder sisters inhabit a distant world. They find it hard to understand that Puran, a male of the species, does not make his masculinity felt in harsh words, in Saraswati considers herself squandered. As if her life has floated away like the fruit-offering at the Chhat festival, unaccepted by the sun. The river doesn't eat it, it is not for human or animal coneft empty at home, for he has long since not been there when he's there. Mother's household is sufficiently replete with Arjun, with the Gita, with her two daughters in Patna. Arjun's personal unithat no real relationship has grown between herself and Puran. Puran understands that if he goes here and there no spot is sumption, it only floats, and rots floating.

floating in the everyday world, who has not attempted to build a Saraswati's glance says: it's your failure that there was no room for a fleshly, hungry, thirsty, human relationship to grow. Puran accepts that and considers himself half-human at fortyfive. And this moral question arises: how will a person merely human relationship with mother-son-Saraswati, be able to do juslice to a subject as a journalist?

political parties. He has support everywhere. The newspaper is a t. Nothing will touch him. Industrial set-up in Ranchi, clout in zine called Kamini, devoted to women and the film world, brings in most money. Right beside a balance-sheet on suicides are recipes on the "For the Home" page. Right beside the world travels of an Yet as a journalist his reporting of the massacre of the harijans into disfavor with the Government in Patna. He wrote about the killing in Banjhi with a razor-sharp edge: "Red Blood or Spark of Fire in Black Tribal Skin?" And then water scarcity in Nalipura. Enteric fever epidemic in Hataori. The blinding of prisoners in Bhagalpur- the owner of the Dibasjyoti group is a Punjabi industrialist. He is untroubled by the maelstrom of political moves in business to him. If reporting caste war keeps his paper going, so be international Guru the statement of a sex-bomb star: "Motherhood at Arwal has received praise, and he too, like others, has fallen Bihar or the pre-historic warfare of casteism. He gives money to all New Delhi and Bihar, newspaper in Patna. The illustrated magais woman's greatest wealth." This sort of a mixed chow mein dish.

but then no problem writing "Bihar, A Tourist's Paradise." His getting altogether too professional. First investigative journalism Yet where is the sense of achievement fulfilled? Puran cannot be happy in himself. He has done as he pleased father had faith in communist ideals. His life was not adrift. But Even in this life Puran felt restless. He sensed that he was

Saraswati startled him by saying, "I'll no longer wait for nothing These are his reasons for coming to Pirtha. Before he left

- What will you do?
- I'll go to an ashram with a school
- Not right away?
- And why not?

"O driftwood face, O unquiet mind" played in his mind. film Saraswati Chandra (they'd seen it together). The theme song long braid and tired dark eyes she looked like Nutan in the tragic has worn only white. In her white sari, white blouse, and with hei Saraswati spoke with a gentle smile. For a long time now, she

- Saraswati, why an ashram?
- I'm thirty-two, after all.
- Let me come back.
- Your life won't be empty without me
- Give me a bit more time.
- eighteen. My younger sisters are all married off. Now at last I'm I've been waiting for you, fighting the family, since I was
- Only this once, Saraswati.

She wears only white, as if already a widow

- This once
- I can't give my word.

come to follow it up. leave some day. The district is in Madhya Pradesh, the Block is a long time people have been dying in Pirtha. Well, the Chies sand tribals among the one million, one hundred and seven thou-State Government says "No story," but here's Surajpratap's report now Block Development Officer, wrote, Come, take a look, the declare Pirtha a "famine area." But Puran's old friend Harisharan the Bhopal Union Carbide disaster, is certainly not about to Minister of the state, who built himself a luxurious residence after sand, three hundred and eighty-one people of the district live. For Pirtha. He must go to the distant villages where the eighty thou-Puran has come to Pirtha with the worry that Saraswati migh

> that a good deal of hostility was afoot against journalists not only in Pirtha Block but in the entire district. He came for this purpose, and sensed already in Madhopura

anything, and more journalists will come. There will be a furor." Pirtha? There's nothing there. There's nothing more to be seen in the tribal areas. You'll make a noise in the newspaper if you say The SDO [Sub-Divisional Officer] said, "Why are you going to

- It doesn't matter to you folks after all.
- days. Nothing happens to anyone. Look, look at this. You don't understand. Nothing matters to anyone these

the history of the world began when, at the end of the Mesozoic Gondwanaland. The beast has fallen on its face. The new era in era, India broke off from the main mass of Gondwanaland. It is as if some prehistoric creature had fallen on its face then. Such are the survey lines of Pirtha Block. The survey map of Pirtha Block is like some extinct animal of

- Come and see. What, looks like an animal, no?
- Yes. But these creatures are extinct
- Who knows?

The youthful SDO pulls the hair on his head

- Our honor was destroyed by the Bhopal gas incident.
- cer] fired in the dark, three people died. The enteric fever started the tribal areas into town. The SDPO [Sub-Divisional Police Offi affair in Bhopal, the state government did not permit a Health tank had disappeared. I myself had posted guards at the polluted coming; the water tank didn't get there. Both the truck and the from the polluted water supply. We sent water, it's coming, it's Center in Pirtha, and they were bringing the enteric patients from wells. The tribals then beat up the guard, drank the water, and then: Epidemic. There was talk about Bhopal. And in the middle of the gas
- What did you do?
- Sent police to stop the violence
- And the police?
- no struggle here. So what do the police do in such a tribal area? Hey journalist! Pirtha is not agricultural land, and there is
- Where did the enteric fever come from?

The SDO laughs with a vicious joy.

know if something poisonous came with the water? When it rains, the water flows down the hillside. How do I

- It does rain then?
- From time to time. Otherwise how are they alive?
 - Doesn't the state government give any aid?
- kilometers to the south of this church. And a canal would have gone from the animal's tail to its head by the Madhopura Irri - What aid? What resource? Look at this map. Near the foot of the animal there is a church but no missionaries. We are forty gation Scheme. The scheme is in the register. That canal would have joined the Pirtha River as well. And look here.
 - I'm looking.
- there were small dams three miles down the river, and then The tribals are in the animal's jaws. Near the throat water gushes down into Pirtha at great speed in the rainy season. If another mile down, the tribal area of Pirtha would be green.
 - This didn't happen?
- the minister came, there was an inauguration ceremony, and - No. Eleven years ago there was great pomp and circumstance on Independence Day. We sent food. There was a camp, many reporters came.
 - I didn't come.
- It began where it ended.
 - It didn't go any further?
- No no, it would have advanced if it had begun. Three SDOs have tried in turn, but these files get lost halfway between Madhopura and Bhopal. They always get lost. If the files get lost ...
- It isn't yet done?
- No. It'll never be done. Now we hear, There's lots of water in Pirtha.
- Who says?

The SDO is probably getting transferred.

and then such a view he would have. No way to guess there's a water problem ... Journalist! Why come in the rainy season to - Imagine someone going to see Pirtha in Shaon or Bhadro ably there if you take a picnic basket. Not everybody understands -the fourth or fifth months-at the height of the rainy season, nspect a drought area? You can spend a few hours most agreehe seasonal nature of the stream. The Government brought a team of experts. They came in the rainy season. So OK, they said here's lot of water in Pirtha. Nothing can be done.

- But you people have been building roads and bungalows with tribal welfare money for some years now.
- How many copies do you print?
- Fifty-sixty-seventy thousand. A hundred thousand on Dewali Festival day. There's no fixed number.
- will read? How much pressure on my state government? Have - Then don't ask anymore. What will you write? How many some tea.
- I don't want any more tea.
- Journalists and writers and poets drink a lot of tea, a lot of liquor, get very drunk.
- So everyone the same? All SDOs are not the same. All ournalists are not the same. You and Surajpratap are not the same after all.
- How can that be?

Puran turns his head away. The office garden of the ruler of the subdivision was blazing with bougainvillea. This is also the soil for oougainvillea. Rough and dry. There is so much bougainvillea in India that one could have given it a proper Indian name. A big monkey sat on a laburnum with his tail hanging down.

Looking at this Puran says, "Has Surajpratap written of an unearthly terror?"

- Will Harisharanji send a jeep from the Block Office? - What did Surajpratap write?

 - Nothing but a story.
- That was nothing but a story?
- born to them, and the Administration still doesn't attach any importance to Pirtha. They have taken it for glanted for some explain to themselves the reason for this misfortune? Whatever How do I explain? Starvation for years. Fewer children are time that the government has given them up. Now how will they the case, they need an explanation if only for their peace of mind. So they are spreading stories.
- So tell me a story.
- don't you see Gwalior, Indore, Jabbalpur, Dhara-Mandu, Bhopal? tival? The descendants of the servants of the old kings serve and You've come to Madhya Bharat [lit. Middle India], why Do you know that there's still a festival at Shivapuri, a statue-fesworship the kings' statues. "The Middle Ages in Middle India" will be a fine piece. Go to Bastar, see the tribals.

- some terrifying event has taken place. Come on, tell me what's up. You too have believed that
- Look at this painting.
- A cave-painting?
- newspaper, not for publicity. was taken by Surajpratap, but no, this photo is not for a A boy painted this on the stone wall of his room. The pic-
- He did not print a photo.
- doesn't have a copy. No, we took away the negative. He cannot print this, he

giant iguana. And four legs? A toothless gaping horrible mouth. What is it? Bird? Webbed wings like a bat and a body like a

- But this is ...
- Don't say it. I won't hear it.
- How did he paint this?
- I don't know. The boy's shut up
- Where? Where is the picture he painted?

to hospital or police, to the killers or to friends. wounded person is making a last-ditch effort to make a deposition Now the SDO begins to speak in bursts. As if a badly

ownership can change hands again. In Puran's state of Bihar, land course the land is now with the Pasis, this very minute, but the way would the Brahmarshi Sena [a fundámentalist Hindu gangster because Aditya Naolaksha of an all-India newspaper was there. a Block Health Center—nothing bigger—and things were easier Lakhan, and Nathniram and many people ... five guns ... Ramhospital. The man spoke in bursts, In front was Ramnagina, and changes caste often. Puran and a group of reporters went to the group mobilized by the landowners] militia let them have it. Of the police ... The reporters would cluster there because it was only nagina opened fire... I was running to call the police... to call The Pasi harijans claimed a long-disputed piece of land, and no Like that man from Chitowra. Where Puran had been present

suspension of contact. Are the two placed on two islands and is contemporary contagion. A man in Mahandi had split open the speaking with vivid gestures on the seashore? This asymptote is a one not understanding the most urgent message of the other, between him and Puran, a tremendous (mental and linguistic) trying to explain, as if there's a tremendous communication gap The SDO is talking like that man. He is moving his hands,

> shaking and foaming at the mouth, had made an effort to explain going to jail for twenty years? Asked this, the man, collar-bone falo is a priceless good to a well-to-do farmer. to Puran what a buffalo meant in the life of a villager. A water-bufreceived a life sentence. How valuable is a buffalo that you are head of a guy who had poisoned his water buffalo and had

troubled message. Although he did turn the man's words into a most compassionate small news item, "For the Sake of a Buffalo." Puran had not grasped the desperation behind his urgent and

The SDO continues to report.

lit night. I don't know, the moon might have been full. The at Census time. Your friend sometimes employs him to get people man in the village. It is he who comes to town from time to time was there as well. You will find Shankar. He is the only literate Madhopura. With him were a few people from Pirtha. Shankar Sarpanch, head of a group of five villages, had come up to for road construction work. Harisharanji is most dear to them! It was the waxing fortnight of the moon. It was a moon-

Sufficient contempt is not demonstrated when the two words

"most dear" are pronounced. Then did they see the creature?

Puran's voice. The SDO's tone shifts. It reproaches the light frivolity of

- on moonlit nights. They were walking along the sand and rocks to spread special news. The sound was like that. Then something ming in the village. They beat drums with five sticks if they want where the Pirtha is a bit wider. At that time they saw a monstrous was full of moonlight. You can count the leaves on the trees there had happened, they said, and started walking faster. The night shadow fly by. Not too big, not too small, a bird. - Some of them were returning. There was a lot of drum-
- They said "bird"?
- they see something fly. What else can they think? That's what they said the first day. They'll think bird if
- Some sort of large bat?
- again. They raised their faces, saw it, and were afraid. Very afraid ing. It would flow like a wave, go down a bit swinging, rising a bit the shadow moved with them. There's no such thing there. It was gliding rather than fly-
- For how long?

105

- I don't know. Why don't you ask the owner of your newspaper to buy them all HMT watches? With illuminated dials. And train them. So that they can check the time whenever they see something strange.
- Forgive me.
- It's not a question of asking for or receiving forgiveness. This is beyond reckoning... The shadow moved on and vanished into the hillside. When they reached the village they saw that all the people of Pirtha were outdoors. And the headman was beating the drum. When they arrived the headman said, "An evil shadow has moved across us, some danger is ahead."
- This is the unearthly terror? This is an embodied creature, that can spread its wings and fly.
 - Go to Pirtha. Explain this to them. I cannot make you understand. You are not understanding how it is in Pirtha. It isn't called a famine area. Pirtha is a place of perennial starvation. They have no resource, and they will never. A few thousand people have now accepted despair. They don't know how to ask, don't ask, but they take if given. How will I make you understand that it is not possible for those tribals to think reasonably, to offer explanations? You will understand them with your urban mentality? You will fathom the Indian Ocean with a foot-ruler?
 - But you are a sympathetic officer.
- Please do not write this. A transfer as soon as the word "sympathetic" appears. And that word is false.

The SDO smiles weakly, becomes absent-minded, or drowns in the depths of his own mind.

- I'd have done something if I had been compassionate. You don't have to be "compassionate." I want to get a well dug, there are obstacles. I want to extend the road ... the contractors and politicians are much more powerful than I ... but I will certainly establish a primary health center. And four wells in the area, and where the Pirtha comes down from the hills, a dam... don't write all this. In fact it will be useful if you write that the officer is inefficient and ruthless. If a question is raised in the State Legislative Assembly, if there is a warning—"Why aren't you getting the work done"—then perhaps ... But the shadow was seen in Pirtha for quite a few days.
 - You can't be serious?
- The more it was seen, the more the terror spread ... Such a variety of stories! But I took away the roll of film when I saw Surajpratap's photos.

- You could have allowed them to be printed.
- No ... impossible. Then you have to accept what the creature is. How is that possible?
- Have you been there even once?
- I went a few times. No, no shadows are seen anymore. And it is not necessary either. The shadow has left a firm imprint on their minds. It's done its work and gone.
 - What did you hear?
- Go hear for yourself. Why should you accept what heard? Let me tell you what I saw.
 - What did you see?
- I traveled around and saw everything: jungle, hill, cave. I got nothing, I saw the picture painted by the boy.
- Is it still there?
- It's there. Now that picture can't be erased. Engraved in stone. It's being worshipped. No, your jeep is not coming today, you'll have to stay overnight after all. Is the bungalow free ... I don't know what Department's.
 - No hotels?
- You won't be comfortable in those kinds of hotels. If you don't mind, stay with me in my bungalow. Our truck will go to the *Block* tomorrow, go with them.
 - I don't have any problems with that.
- I know. Journalists can do everything.
- Why did Harisharan behave this way? He knew I was oming.
 - Perhaps he's on tour ... Your friend? He flooks younger than you.
 - Classmate. He was a good student. His father was transferred from Patna to Jabbalpur, he worked with the railways, they moved. We've kept in touch because he'd come to Patna occasionally. I never thought he'd enter the Madhya Pradesh State Civil Service.
- Why? What did you expect?
- He used to say he'd go into college teaching.
- I had thought to be a *geologist*. My brother wanted to be a doctor, now he sells "Have-A-Drink" soft drinks. Come... the news of the terror in Pirtha had spread so far that even in Madhopura worship services are going on to get rid of bad luck. The *Block* is Pirtha, but its office is in Rajaura. There too people are seeing many things! Making offerings at temples.

Madhopura had only recently been established as a district.

The district town is not so big either. New roads. New houses.

said, No way. A new hospital, there are doctors, every other convelived if they'd done a caesarean ... one does make mistakes. nience ... I shouldn't have listened. The daughter ... would have her father's a doctor ... I'd wanted her to go that time as well, she of the doctors here ... this time I sent her to her father's house ... have the courage. The first child, just a little before birth, the fault have to suffer a bit. My wife has gone to Delhi ... I myself didn't ... that's the District Magistrate's house ... here is my house. You'll A small town ... there's a temple ... this is a new hospital

A house itself tells you if there is a woman in it. Everywhere signs of the absence of the mistress of the house

- Pirtha, see the cave if you can. Some paintings have been discov-Sleep in this room. There's an attached bathroom. Go to
- Painted by cave people?

The SDO sighs.

- a kite? Even the birds don't know it Puranji. Can one measure the distance from the sun by releasing see these pictures five years ago. I hadn't gone looking for picdancing with drums, painted by cave people . . . that's awful hard, tures then anyway. And pictures of drunkenness, of communal There's the problem. I believe one of them paints. I didn't
- How much can birds know?
- everything of nature's ways. know? We have no communication with birds. We cannot know in the state of Assam. How can we tell what birds know or don't See The Birds. Look at the group suicide of birds in Jatinga

largest number is on chess, a man of many interests. Some novels in English and Hindi. Some Verrier Elwin. But the There are many books in the SDO's room. Mostly geology.

- Do you play chess?
- Here I don't get anyone.

less steel containers to get their food. After their bath they sit down to eat. They have to open stain-

- down after you finish. The truck will not come before dawn. They leave the food prepared. Have some pickles. Lie
- Passenger truck?

The SDO gives a half-smile.

am sending rice, popcorn, dry molasses, a little milk powder and trol posters on the floor, and they will mend the holes in the walls Harisharanji knows that they will spread the large sized birth conthe doctors gave some sample medicine after a lot of begging. food, milk powder, a doctor, medicine, matches, some clothes. I with koonch sap. Harisharanji's truck. He has let me know that they need

Aren't you going?

at home, have fun, celebrate, light lamps in every room, and cersacred day. Fighting against the British ... everyone raise the flag groups of Adivasi [aboriginal or tribal] dancers and singers. the Legislative Assembly], BDO, the Area Police and the heads of tainly go to the meeting in Rajaura. Mye-lay [MLA-Member of Independence. Brothers and sisters! Independence Day is a I'll say over the mike how to celebrate the fortieth anniversary of the rural administrative units will speak. They ψ ill also bring There's no famine there after all. But I'll go at some point.

- can there not be Adivasi dancing and singing? It's a district, even a Block, with an Adivasi; majority, how
- Who will dance?
- The government can do anything if it wants to. Well!

Now Puran will fall asleep. They get up. Then they wash their hands and fall into bed

write to Saraswati if I can. Thirty-two is not old. Yet in his dream record some voices on tape. How about staying on a bit? I must type where I come, I see, I take some notes for writing a report, I In his sleep a shadow flies floating. No, this incident is not of the the men and women of the cave paintings keep dancing and Puran asks Saraswati, Will you dance? In his sleep the men and women of the cave paintings dance.

It's at this point that someone shoves him awake

- Get up, get up, the truck's here
- Eh! I am late.
- Breakfast's ready.

on his shoulder for so long, that the moves have become mechannational dress, in the jeans and kurta "there is no sexual discrimiical. A sarong, a towel, jeans and kurta top (this is becoming brush), soap, shaving gear, comb, camera, a small tape recorder, a nation"), "Monkey" brand toothpowder (he can't bear a tooth-He packs at speed. He has been packing and carrying his bag

notebook, three ballpoints. The bag is sturdy. He'd had it made to order in Patna.

Tea, slices of bread, honey, bananas.

- Eat up. Tour ahead.
- Didn't you photograph the cave paintings?
 - Yes. You will too.
- A picture of that creature?
- good-bye. Let me know your experience on your way back. I - No. That I won't believe. I have to live with today's reality. will read the Tale of Pirtha. So
 - I will certainly report back.
 - Good day.

Puran climbs up on the truck. A thin wiry-looking man says to the driver, "Don't stop the truck."

The robust driver talks non-stop to the villages, trees, and human beings flying by at speed, "What's the use giving rice to the tribals? When have they eaten rice? Such good quality molasses, popcorn! The government lives for the Adivasis."

The thin man is silent.

Be it jobs, or other kinds of aid, everywhere it's tribals and untouchables

Puran says, "They need nothing?"

- No one can fulfill their needs, sir. They sell everything they get, they have standing clients in Rajaura you know. They won't live in government housing, so why should the government build for them?

Puran takes out a book from his bag, then puts it back. He has done his homework after all. Now he is looking at the villages on both sides.

Almost eighty percent of the population live in villages. Of course these are not villages like Pirtha Block. By 1981 figures there are eleven million, nine hundred and eighty-seven thousand and thirty-one scheduled tribals in Madhya Pradesh. 22.97 percent of The economy of Madhya Pradesh is mainly agricultural. the entire population. There are forty-six different tribes, and their sub-groups are one hundred and forty-seven in number.

Total area is four hundred and forty-three thousand four hundred and forty-six square kilometers. Of this 43.5 percent is arable.

Who has engraved the cave drawings? Are these pictures of mercial value for TV if they are not prehistoric. Fourteen point contemporary human beings? They are without negotiable com-

cide is a dreadful sin. Central India will soon make news in kutki, and soma are also grown. This state's agri-broducts for trade are oilseed, cotton and sugar-cane. The other day a Bhil tribal and the six members of his family killed themselves for reasons of poverty, although, in the unwritten Adivasi lexicon, suisoybean cultivation. Is it the soybean revolution after the green revolution? Who will consume this soybean powder, nutri-Who eats this? So-called "lesser food grains" such as kodo, Who controls the fertile black soil for producing cotton in the Malwa area? So-called main crops are jawar, wheat, and rice. our percent of the land in Madhya Pradesh receives irrigation. nuggets, oil, the whole seed?

The soil of Madhya Pradesh is rich in iron, manganese, coal, day? In Abujhmar there is a huge depression in the rock like a remote day they were invaded and they crawled into the earth's and small industries are developing fast. Agri-business is also developing apace, every day. Why did the boy draw that picture? What novel about the ancient settlements of Vidisha and Ujjaini -like The Bride of Vidisha-whose novel did he read the other well, or like a monster's bowl. The sunlight never reaches its belly iully. The Adivasis live in the land of that primordial dusk. In some limestone, and tin ore. Large scale, medium range, tertiary range, womb for safety, never to emerge. They raise and sell goats.

You have to descend along the rock to reach there. Their eyes the bestial alcoholic young men lusting after tribal women can food grain, oil, salt, clothing. Whenever they come up they see the broad arrogant roads. These roads have been built with the abor, the moneylender, the touts and pimps, the abductors, and money sanctioned for tribal welfare so that the owners of bonded along the rock again. Are they Baiga tribals? Their link with the world above is to go to market, to sell goats and the strongsmelling yogurt and clarified butter made of goat's milk, to buy have grown accustomed to the near-darkness. They come up along the rock with their goats, graze them, and then go down enter directly into the tribal habitations.

The person who gave Puran this account had finally come to poison gas disaster, opened a health center for the afflicted, and Bihar after he and his group had made a film about the Bhopal demonstrated against the oppressive tactics of the state government of Madhya Pradesh.

The Bihar state government was not particularly pleased

about the documentary on the blinding of prisoners in Bhagalpur

tion system, their supply of drinking water, their health centers.' ket, they walk on the graves of their education system, their irriga-He had said, "When the Adivasis walk along that road to mar-

Except they don't know this

not inform them, the state governments don't inform them, the not inform them, the rural administrative units or their heads do newsprint doesn't inform them, the aspiring MLAs and MPs do states print many different topics on millions of tons of paper and twenty-eight thousand, six hundred and thirty-eight persons tribal welfare ministries do not inform them. Radio doesn't inform them, television doesn't inform them, They have not yet been informed of this. Although Delhi and the cent of the population of India, of fifty-nine million, six hundred What is theirs by right? The constitutional rights of 7.76 per

work hard. How many political knots are tiec up this directive of non-information. How many subtle heads What an immense deal of labor and money is spent to keep

first century, ignorant of this in their shadowy habitation. What was theirs by right. The Adivasis will enter the twenty.

had given up. Gandhi, had tried to descend into those depths of Abujhmar, bu Puran has heard that once Jawaharlal Nehru, and once Indira

No one else had even tried

The way to reach them is so inaccessible

They come to Rajaura.

tion, school, health center (closed A very small place. The Block Development Office. Police sta

either disappeared, or were never there. but behind it a roofless room, whose doors and windows have video halls, and a signboard declaring this is an "Animal Clinic,' post office. There is a market and shops, and a sawmill. Two There are almost no brick buildings besides the bank and the

king of Rajaura since yesterday." Wait, let me check the goods. I am fighting with the uncrowned Harisharan comes out and says with great glee, "You bastard The living quarters are attached to the Block Office

"lesser" food grain, all the cooking koonch oil cheap and sells it to He buys all the coarse kodo and kutki grain, so-called

> in exchange, and take some money as well, you understand? them at a profit. Now he says, Give me the rice, I'll give popcom

- Are you sure he won't get you in trouble?
- Of course he wil

Harisharan laughs uproariously.

- labor contractor. Do you realize how powerful he is? He transports labor everywhere from this district. A big
- He won't have you cut down by his thugs?
- from Pirtha. A lot of religious activity everywhere. There is a strong rumor that the curse is coming in this direction No, he won't go that far. And now there's terror even here.
- What do the people of Pirtha say?
- here. Shankarl Come this way. They themselves will tell you. There are folk from Pirtha

curly hair, heavily hooded eyes, a short dhoti around his middle A dark, slender, young man of middle height. Dry reddish

This is my friend, the journalist.

Shankar looks at him steadily.

- He will go to Pirtha, perhaps stay a couple of days
- Now!

of his soul. He doesn't want Puran to go there. Shankar's lips move for a while, then become still. ing, and Puran suddenly understands that his eyes are the mirror At this Shankar clasps his hands together and starts mutter-

hanging from it. A black string around his neck, and a little copper medal

Harisharan says, "It's all right Shankar. He's my man."

- Why will he go?
- As I said, my man

sacks, and lights up a bidi in a vague distracted way. Shankar is quiet and slowly gets in the truck. He sits on the

Harisharan says, "Will you sit inside? Or shall we go?"

- I haven't yet met your wife.
- Indore, or perhaps in Jabbalpur. Mother lives there. girls go to school there. We sometimes get together here or in [Madhya Pradesh Civil Service]. She works in Indore. The two Do you think the lady lives here? She is herself an MPCS
- Isn't it inconvenient for you?

taught her. And she's educated. She has a job, how can I say 'no'? Harisharan says, "Oh no, she knew no housework at all. I

tion, not dowries. Retire in Jabbalpur, run a school there. I have no ambitions. Don't worry, stay here a couple of days after your And you know what, she's very ambitious. Give the girls educareturn. Will you stay in Pirtha, or come back?"

- I'll stay a few days.
- Good. I'm giving you a parcel. Might be of use later.
 - What, books?
- See when you get there. Wait, you'll need a lantern, kerosene, a mosquito-net ...
 - Mosquitoes there?
 - No, snakes.
- But they live there.

They live there because there's no other way they can live. You're not in that class.

- Did Surajpratap take all this?
- No. He is a different sort of fellow.
 - Where is he?
- something like a breakdown after he got back from Pirtha. As He alone knows. He lost his job after he wrote the Pirtha report. The MLA's wife's brother's paper after all! And ... he had soon as he was released from hospital he vanished.
 - Where did he go?
- If I know him he'll be here again. Suraj comes around every few years.
 - He had great promise.
- with the stream. If you don't keep at it.... Use the system to unmask it. He starts from the premise that, since the Independ-- Had, has. But he hasn't learnt what's needed, to move ence is fake, everything in post-Independence Indian democracy is fake—now such a line of thought is undoubtedly respected, but it makes it difficult for him to last anywhere.
 - Yes ... He doesn't fall in with the pattern of deals.

human race in the India of some five to seven thousand years ago. My need is to make a big noise in whatever way and put don't want heaven. Only what can be done within the administra-In terms of Pirtha he wants to return to the history of the tive framework, what we otherwise can't do, either for want of sympathy, or under pressure of politics and administration. I need help to get that much done. Who will explain that to him? Rather Pirtha on the map of Madhya Pradesh and therefore of India. I does he explain the root cause to me. Change the whole system.

- A rare type.
- Yes. But it's not right to deny reality ... I think he'll turn up again.
 - What does he eat? Where does he live?
- is a social disease." A brave woman. An obstinate hardworking There's the problem. His wife ... Sheila is working away at a center in Maharashtra to bring the consciousness that "leprosy woman. Suraj can go there too, often does.
 - I didn't even know he was married.
- Sheila met in the Dalit ["downtrodden": radical name for the Untouchables] movement. They were married right away. Suraj is Come on! He has a grown son, fifteen years old. Suraj and from the Dalit community; at one point, he caused a great stir with his book You Are Untouchable, Not I.
- But that book ...
- Written by Shyam Dusad, his real name.
- From Bihar?
- At some point, he doesn't talk about everything.
 - He wrote nothing else?
- derful person, I've seen her twice. Bringing up their son, working herself, and waiting for Suraj. What's up with you? Still doubts, still no courage? When will Indian women change? Is Saraswati No. Surajpratap never repeats anything. Shella is a wonstill waiting for a good-for-nothing like you?
- I'll come to a decision this time. Whether it's doubt or cowardice, I don't know myself.
- long do people live? At most a hundred years, or a bit more. Look - It's not good not to know so much, Puran. Life is short and it's not right to see the end of the century knowing nothing. How at Rajaura Hill. That itself ...
- Harisharan?

Puran manages a smile and says, "Don't tell me the age of a stone, my friend. I am not yet ready to look at the dawn of creation."

— Yes ... true ...

Now he talks in a different tone: "Shankar is a good fellow. They needed an explanation on the subject of that creature or shadow. They will not get food, water, roads. There will be no hunting. Singing and dancing will become extinct. At the same time they will not be allowed to explain the incredible shadow. This is intolerable."

- What are they saying?
- They will tell you themselves

hills. Once upon a time the enemy couldn't advance if the pass Pirtha approaches. The truck climbs. This is a pass in the

- This is full of hills.
- print that news and put modern man, the media, and foreigners a temple of pure gold somewhere, or a speaking tree, would you goods will travel to Pirtha and Dholki by oxcart. Now the Khajra stop, we'll climb down. We'll unload. From the Sarpanch's village don't go crazy to "print at all cost" like Suraj. If you suddenly saw thorn bushes begin. Listen, you are completely free. Only request, We'll climb, we'll go down, the truck will stop, we wil
- First off I won't see such a thing. Secondly, I won't tell if I
- Sarpanch's village. animal traced by the survey map of Pirtha. Ahead is Gabahi, the That's what we want. We are entering on the tail of the

The truck stops.

distance-dub-dub-dub-dub. Some sort of instrument of the drum family is heard in the

Harisharan says, The drumming goes on, will go on

- Emergency drum?
- Yes. This is an emergency.

black (sometimes very black) skin, longish heads, slightly flat Sarpanch shakes and shakes his head. "What to say, revered inform of an emergency. The news is coming and spreading. The Gazetteer of India says, "The Austrics form the bedrock of the peo kept moving, moving, moving on, establishing settlements. The they then going farther and farther east in search of the sun?) skinned? The Austric aborigines spread all over India, and wen ples. Were the Austrics of a yet earlier time sharp-nosed and light noses, but otherwise sharp features. Perhaps the skin color and East to Burma, Malaysia and the islands of southeast Asia (were the flat nose are a result of intermingling with older Negroid people." To strike a stretched-skin instrument five times means to The characteristics of the Indian Austric are medium height,

> Sir?" If a terrible, inevitable something repeatedly casts a shadow tion of Time himself shadowed the earth again and again \dots black, if slightly dark, dusky. The Austrics laid the foundations of guage is Mon-Khmer, and is alive in Khasi and Nicoban tribal made sugar from sugar-cane. One of the branches of their lan-Indian civilization. They cultivated rice, raised vegetables, and Krishna was dark, so was Rama. If you are very dark then you are with war drums, they have nowhere to run. modern India and medieval Palamu, the enemy doesn't come they'll see the enemy approach, and fly. But now all around are Nagesias live on hillsides, some collective memory haunts them a "criminal tribe" by the British. And they are all bond slaves. The of Bihar, in Palamu district, that the Parhaiyas were designated as their signal in such desperation? Puran has seen in his own state the foundations of the civilization of India, why are they sounding descendants of the "bedrock of the people," whose forebears laid rice, grow vegetables, make sugar from sugar-cane? Why are the Nagesia tribals are also among them. When did they cultivate these language groups fall sixteen aboriginal tribes. These tongues. Again the Munda branch has many divisions, and into \dots in the Mushal chapter of the Mahabharata the great constella

and see the well printed family tree. It is a great injustice that the as the descendant of the Gond king Shankar Singh Shah, whom ban on his head and a singlet on his back. He introduced himsel the Sarpanch [head of the village council or Panchayat] has a tur Independence. government of independent India has not given him any recognithe Mutiny. If Puran doesn't believe this he can visit his home the British had blown from the mouth of a cannon at the time of tion as the descendant of a tribal hero of the first Battle of Indian There are some caste-Hindus in Gabahi. Bhan Singh Shah

This injustice is because I am a tribal

Harisharan and Puran look at each other.

sons is a messenger in the Electricity Office and another has water-buffalo, a granary for corn. Cots in the courtyard. One of his passed an exam to become a clerk in the Post and Telegraph house with high earth walls you can see a separate enclosure for Department. Relatively speaking, the Sarpanch is well off. In his fortlike

tree printed. Harisharan said, "I read the proofs when you had your family

- Sure. But his name is in history books. This is what Bhalerao from Gwalior told me.

Puran cleared his throat.

- This is very true. I will discuss it with you later. We'll have a long talk.

— Will you stay in Gabahi?

— In Pirtha.

The Sarpanch looks at Shankar. Shankar keeps his head turned away. An inscrutable, passionless black face against the backdrop of the sky. That face will never give a reply. He's listen-1. ing with care, in deep, deep thought.

- Dhomra-drum.

Five times ... five times ...

— That's how tribals ... we ... spread the news.

Although the Sarpanch changed class long ago (when the bled times? Why did the Sarpanch first say "tribals" and then tribal gets a little education, gains a little safety and moves from his class, does he go up or down? Does the lower middle class or the middle class accept him as a member? If even one percent of the tribals gets a house, a motorcycle, a job, some land, do they enter the well-to-do middle class or the rural kulak class? No, the main point is that he is not of the destitute tribal community, and not of the class which is his in the adjacent community. Is that why he has to empathize with his poor tribal community in trou-"we"? A many-leveled problem. It is improper to pass quick judgment from a safe distance.)

- Don't come to a slambang decision, Puran, you know what I mean.

The eyes of the Sarpanch are now vague and distant. — Mr. Sarpanch! What message are they sending?

Well, you have come with the BDO and you will stay here.

The Sarpanch licks his dry lips. Then he straightens his orest and a falling tree branch had hurt his spine; at the time peacocks danced on the banks of the Pirtha ditch) and spoke as if slightly bent body (Puran learned later that before his fortunes changed he used to gather the fruit of the Ritha tree in the extinct in deposition, in a still small voice.

- Now in the whole area we are unclean, in mourning for the dead.

- Why in mourning for the dead?

- What is it that we have seen? Tell us, Mr. BDO! You are educated man, you are the first government officer ever to

ernment of India was a fairy tale for our lot. We have seen you, come to a tribal area. We had thought that the independent govnow tell us, what have we seen?

I don't know.

— You accept that we have seen?

Yes, everyone can't be mistaken. But what it is, what kind of bird, that I don't know. - Have you ever seen the picture drawn by Shankar's nephew Bikhia?

— You won't know what he saw.

You say, our visitor wants to know.

- How shall I explain?

Harisharan says softly, "Mr. Sarpanch! My friend has been to many tribal areas. He is from Bihar. There are many tribals like you there as well, Baiga, Bithath, Gond, Khariya, Khond, Kol, Munda, Nagesia, Oraon, Asur—they are there too."

How can that be?

There are, there are.

We are there as well?

You are, you are.

He has seen?

He has seen them and lived there.

Is he a moneylender?

No, a journalist. He comes running when he hears of bad imes for the tribals, he writes in the papers.

— Then why has he come now?

Shouldn't he write about the famine?

— What famine? You tell them, the SDO tells them, and you are the government, still the government doesn't listen. This hapsens every year, no one knows, no one takes notice. The government doesn't even know that there are human beings in Pirtha.

Harisharan makes his voice even more respectful.

knows about Pirtha, it comes up in the State Assembly, and the - I know. That is why I keep on trying, so that everyone state helps you in some way.

Puran says softly, "So much money is earmarked for tribals, don't you get any aid?"

- How shall I explain to you?

At this point Shankar turns around, clenches his fists, and says in piercing anguish, "We are late by many many moons. Now no one can show us any help."

Moons? Many moons? When the sun is merciless in the sky?

when one leaf on the bare pipal tree shakes out of control? How When the swordlike heavy leaves of the Khajra trees are still, and late are Harisharan and Purani

an explosion in Puran's head that day. speaker, had said with humble amazement at the time of translatexplain the daily experience of the tribal in today's India. spoke, what they speak. There are no words in their language to ence is a million moons old, when they did not speak Hindi touch the other? Shankar says his say in Hindi, but the experi for "exploitation" or "deprivation" in the Ho language. There was ing Birsa Munda's life into the Ho language, There are no words Pashupati Jonko, of the Ho tribe of Singhbhum, a native Ho-Puran thinks he doesn't know what language Shankar's people Hindi; Puran and Harisharan also speak Hindi, but how can one Shankar goes on talking with his eyes closed. Alas! He speaks

says, when he descends to the plains from time to time, "My a class is growing up among them that is exploiting and deceiving have a synonym for "exploitation" in any of their languages? But whose life is nothing but exploitation, nothing but deprivation tion" is not in the Ho language. Puran thinks, Do the tribals to death, and Pashupati Jonko says, Brother! The word "exploita Gangaram Kalundia died. In Gua, Bidar Nag is ruthlessly beater tance against the damming of the Kharkai, the fearless Kol tribal but in the site of the unfinished Sagwana struggle the word onym for "exploitation.". There were many bullet charges after bulence. There was firing at Gua. The Ho language has no syntheir own kind." Saraswati got very angry friend! There is class difference among them and, although small jump over the glass wall of book-learnt theory in his head and the theorist Kamal, who sticks to the tribal area, even he can't that. The Sal is sajom in the languages of Ho, Mundari, Saontali teak, save the Sal." Forest Singhbhum was washed over with tur-"exploitation" cannot be explained. Then in Ilyagarh, in the resis That was during the Sagwana (teak) movement: "Away with

are imposing our rotten value-system upon them, and then if one of them makes a bit of money, or becomes like us, we abuse them accept. And we have taken away everything that is their own, we has changed, he is no longer a tribal from a safe distance. We say, Look, look! How that man's nature make millions in black money, keep it abroad, that you car Oh yes, in our society one person can swindle others and

> quickly is wrong. What is Shankar Nagesia saying? A warning words, otherwise no justice can be done to himself or Saraswati bell goes off in Puran's mind. He must understand Shankar's in the Saraswati affair. Saraswati had amazed him that day, Shankar speaks. The whole thing is very complicated. To say something too

observing the rules of birth-marriage-death-social justice. There is no alphabet, they have caught the past in their songs. As if he is singing a saga. They have captured their history by

soma, we lived. Then there was game to hunt. It rained, peacocks ing. There we built homes, made villages, settled land each for Chief of our society told us where we should settle land fit for livting down stakes to build a roof, settling land to grow crops. The moved to a distance. We asked the earth's permission, we are set danced, we lived. People grew, the community grew, some of us homes, land, ourselves. In our fields we grew rice, kodo, kutki Then we lived, only us. himself. We worshipped the tree that was the spirit of our village. Once there was forest, hill, river, and us. We had villages

Shankar ran in a circle and pointed in all directions

with the ancestors. After the funeral we laid a rock on the grave time of burial we gave oil, cloth, rice, fruit. We laid the body down roads. We scattered the seed of the kodo and rice. Then at the ancestors were at peace. Blessed us. We lived. And now There are many, many burial grounds like this. The souls of the - We buried our dead. We lowered the body at the cross

one tear a leaf from a tree before it was consecrated, before the strangers. Did we make a mistake in our worshipping? Did somefly in teeming swarms before the rains, so did our news reach orphans, was that rule broken somewhere? I don't know where we month of Phalgun? Did one of us kill a pregnant doe in the hunt? new fruit, new leaf, new flower came in the springtime, in the Did someone insult the elders? The community's rule is to protect became guilty. Ah misfortune! As ants come before a flood, as white ants

us debtors. Alas, they enslaved and bound us. They named us, as subjects. Were subjects, became slaves. Owed nothing, they made storm, our fields, our homes, all disappeared. The ones who came bond slaves, Haroahi, Mahidar, they named us Hali, named us Kamiya, in many tongues. Our land vanished like dust before a - Why did the foreigners come? We were kings. Became

were not human beings. Oh, we climb hills and build homes, the road comes chasing us. The forest disappears, they make the four corners unclean. Oh, we had our ancestors' graves! They were ground underfoot to build roads, houses, schools, hospitals. We wanted none of this, and anyway they didn't do it for us.

know how it would look. This is surely the ancestors' spirit! This - Alasl In pain we are stone, mute. We failed to give peace And so the unquiet soul casts its shadow and hovers. We didn't is surely the curse of the ravaged land, village, field, home, forest! to the ancestors. We are coming to an end, rubbed off the soil. Now no one can save us. Now we are all unclean, in mourning. Oh Sirl BDO Sirl

— Here, I am here.

entered our lives. No more roads, no more relief-what will you - I can't see you. But I say to you in great humility, you can't do anything for us. We became unclean as soon as you give to a people in exchange for the vanished land, home, field, burial-ground?

Shankar comes up close and says, "Can you move far away? Very far? Very, very far?"

Shankar sways, he faints.

Some carry him under a tree.

What happened?

He fainted?

— Now what?

They will splash water on his face, and he will come out

Harisharan says, "Let's sit down."

as if in a trance. When he talks, no one touches him, no one They sit on a string cot. Harisharan says, "I have heard these words three times from three people. In three places, Pirtha, Gabahi, Dholki. I heard the same thing from the three. Some mysterious thing is taking place. Each time the man talks and talks, speaks. Then the speaker faints."

- What will you do now?

know or knew communism, harmony, co-existence. Is it possible — Listen, man, I can't turn the clock back by five hundred ears. Even if some magician can restore them to that archaic freedom, they will again lose it in the hands of newcomers. For they to fight aggression, plunder, exploitation, using of the tribals—with their uncontaminated value-system? This is reality, this is history.

But if they don't accept relief?

cine, powdered milk. And why do I run once to you, and again to And you too have to understand that a civil servant from today's Madhya Pradesh Civil Service cannot give back to an ancient nation the flowing Pirtha, the spreading forest, fields of grounds where others' shovels and spades won't strike. They want recognition of their violated ethno-national identity, their stolen grain where the only invaders are deer, peacock, and other birds, Kamiya—my power is limited, dear friend. I can fight mightily with Suraj? So that people know that the name "Pirtha" exists, so that estival dances not watched and photographed by trippers, burialdignity, freedom from slavery to the names Haroahi-Mahidar-Halivarious government departments and bring them a little rice, medithe Pirtha canal is dug, if it doesn't happen while this SDO lasts ..

In a quite different voice Harisharan says, "Sarpanchl'I'd like a drink of water."

The water comes with corn-and-molasses sweets. They drink the water and return the sweets.

Sarpanch, strike camp fast.

— Let's go to Pirtha.

Now the scene changes. Shankar sits up, dusts himself off, drinks water. The Sarpanch starts to abuse a dozen men who nave turned up from nowhere.

- The BDO hasn't come here to sit and wait. This is public work, a government undertaking. Where are the others, what about carts? The name of Gabahi village will be mud. You after all are getting enough to eat, you're not in famine!

Some more people arrive. Men pull forward water-buffalo carts. Buffaloes might die pulling weight uphill. Shankar says, 'Shall I go first?"

— No, come with us.

Now the trucks are unloaded and the carts loaded double quick. Some stuff is stacked in the Sarpanch's house. There are tribals in Gabahi as well. They are not coming forward now.

You'll understand when you get to Pirtha.

- Will the Sarpanch distribute the relief material in Gabahi?

"Yes, he will. Now everyone is on good behavior because worker said, "We too received news that people were dying conof the terror. If only the Sarpanch had reported earlier"-the health stantly, in ones and twos, in Pirtha. I came up. The state govern-

Go take a look at the ones on the plains—happily farming." people live here, that millions can die? They are deprivation's prey can only declare famine if a certain percentage dies. How many ment will not declare famine even if people die. It seems that one

- What's the reason for the famine this time?
- the drought was disastrous that they'd farm kodo-kutki crops. A bit of rain in the middle of Man-made. It's always that way here. There's no water
- Rainfall was disastrous?
- see the fields are burnt out ... sprayed insecticide all over the dusty fields. Think of it. You can the Block Office and saw there was no agriculture at all, and they down: "This week is Farm Aid week." Characters came down from I wasn't here. I'd gone to Indore. Suddenly word came
- Why did they do it?
- bought it. don't deliver the goods, offer a nominal sum of money and say we come to my Block Office as well. The people with land get it. Elsewhere the Block Office gives to the tribals only in name, they To teach me a lesson. After all, fertilizers and insecticides
- kits" as well beaten into the ground with the so-called "pesticide-fertilizer mini-Yeah, the banks cheat them on the loans, and they are
- traders. I caught the graft, suspended the guys. In return they Here the quota for the tribals was just being sold to
- What happened exactly?
- One day it rained

Malava, Ujjaini, Vidarbha, as the bard sang. No clouds. The water-carrying sky-ranging clouds had left for Harisharan knits his brows and looks up in search of clouds.

- But rain is needed.
- unpaved wells. They always ration their drinking water myself placed cement rings around them. Just a bit of water in two and the poisonous water flowed into the wells they had dug. I had The rain fell on the fields and fallow lands on the hillside
- Ration their drinking water?
- those arrangements. What else can they do? ties turn against them, the need for survival forces them to make but at the time when both nature and the administrative authori-Always. They get enough drinking water during the rains.

- So they died of drinking that water?
- ple. Like Khajuraho, smaller. health center between Rajaura and Pirtha. There's a lovely temuntil the patient gets to the health center. Only Bhalpura has a month a few kept dying. But even if they die, you don't know it They died eating the fleshy tuber of the Khajra. And then each the Khajra is their chief hope. The roots sucked up that water. They died of drinking that very water. The fleshy tuber of
- How far
- · How do you find this climb?

The hillside is getting gradually steeper

- It's a hard way.
- sent word, health workers came. Adults were taken to hospital in rough palanquins, children in double baskets slung on shoulder tion or lack of food poles. But doctors there will not say the cause of death is starva Four kilometers like this, then five more. Still Shankar
- How do you know this?
- to the Sarpanch. He said, "In or out of hospital they are dying, so didn't send news." The health worker told me. I came and spoke very harshly
- He did nothing?
- Sent offerings to the gods.
- What kind of person is that?
- understands somewhat, they have their own healers as well. There are non-tribal rural doctors too. But cases of enteric infection, cantors at the health center or they can't do anything about them. We cer, coronaries, thrombosis, are either not understood by the doctors can't come to grips with all the diseases here. The tribal rious reasons, divine rage, the witch's glance, and so on happens beyond the limits of their knowledge they think of mystehave not brought scientific health care to the tribals. If something What does he know? How much does he know? Even doc
- You came then?
- bought them for a few sacks of the grain of the kodo. taken five girls, young women, and children on the truck. They I came. At that point the truck had come twice. They'd
- What did you do when you came?
- wells. I fight with tooth and claw to bring some relief every time brought some parched grains of the kodo. I sealed off those two I had drinking water brought from Gabahi. I had already

The Minister of Center 1.

The Minister of State has warned the MLA, Relief is always famine relief. You are forcing the government to say "famine." This cannot be.

Faminel In some district there is tremendous and extreme lack of food, a thing like water is terribly scarce, the price of food increasing because of lack, widespread hunger, starvation.

But in the perspective of the tribal areas of India you have to say, O dictionaries, throttle your chatter, O liars! How can I accept your word, listen to your utterance?

For there was no food scarcity in Madhopura district. In the big shops of the grain dealers in Madhopura township, there are as many flies as there are cooked sweets. A young bride was feeding cooked sweets to a bull sitting in the courtyard of a Shiva temple and all the milk that was being poured on the Shiva phallus was collecting in a stinking pool of sour milk, and the devotees were taking that milk and drinking.

Obviously there's no extreme food scarcity in the district. There is no drought. In the houses of the Magistrate and the SDO water is pumped up and up in pipes and is sprinkled, how strong the grass how green the trees. And there are many irrigated green fields of grain. On the way to Bhalpura, the fields on both sides were green, arrogant with grain.

The price of food has not gone up because of scarcity. Now the big landowners have to raise the price of tractor cultivation, shallow tubewells, artificial fertilizer on each bale of parched grain. The green revolution means revolutionary prices as well.

There is no widespread hunger and starvation in Madhopura. Agricultural land is in the hands of the upper castes. Hilly Madhopura is tribal, the people with arable land are not hungry, not desperate with starvation. All the trouble is around agriculture. If a tribal owns land in the plain he often cannot set foot there. "Non-tribals are not permitted to buy tribal land. If such sale has taken place in the last twelve years (in West Bengal, after the Land Reforms Act Amendment, in the last thirty years), even in apparently legal ways through deeds of sale or gift, land bought by non-tribals can be claimed back by tribals upon presentation of proper proof. In such cases, the Courts will help the tribal to reclaim his land. If such cases go to court the officers and special officers of the Scheduled Caste and Scheduled Tribe Welfare Divisions are particularly charged to look out for the tribal inter-

est. In this category, they are empowered with the authority of special officers in the Land Revenue Department."

ike everyone, he oils his body when he washes, and looks at the village and keep the poor terrorized through political influence, a does not need to ride a horse or tote a gun. He shits in the field his labeled sea-girt peninsula, the non-Aryans, the Titans, the demons, the monkeys (how many names for him from the Vedas hrough the epics, to the later Hindu scriptures) have forever seen and tax being paid in his name, seen influential thugs taking irrigation, fertilizer, and seeds by claiming "tribal land," and yet he aborer on that land if he pleads with the thugs. Now these thugs don't have to tote guns on horseback. A thug who can sit in the thug who can play catch with the heads of political opponents, photo of some holy man in the evening to see if some holy ash party is all-powerful, and the administration emasculated, they say "yes" to everything. Some take cuts, not everyone does. On nad no right to that crop. To protest is to die. He can be a dayarrangement. The officers of the Land Revenue Department are ransferred if they are honest and when they see the political political clout. The owner of the land gets no money, it's an inside ribal land anywhere in India, from West to East, from North to South. The non-tribal buys land in a fake tribal name, by force of But legal-aid cells are a hoax. And today there is no cell for will fall from it.

In India, famine is being bought and sold by "to whom it may concern." Man-made famine is always kept going in Kalahandi or Madhopura or any intractable hill or forest area.

All the problem is in the tilling field, in taking bank loans to become self-reliant. Borrowing and lending is complicated, very complicated, it makes men violent. Otherwise why would a harijan-outcaste in Bilaspur district take a killer crowd and pull out the eyes of two harijan-outcastes who had been unable to repay their debts?

This is the way, everywhere, everywhere. Why is this bloody slaughterhouse, this stage of the executioners' fete, this valley of death—Puran's birthplace?

The aboveground bit of the Khajra tree is short, its tuber root is supposedly three feet long. The leaves are deep green, edged with spines. Are these the mythic sword-leaf plants lining the road to hell? Now the Khajra is growing more densely.

Harisharan says, "For the poor, it's the Kalpataru, the fabled tree of gifts. Split the leaf to weave mats and cut the tuber, leave the very end. Another plant will come up. And if you don't pick it, the bottom of the tuber will spread, many plants will come up."

- Can the leaf-fiber be used for rope making?
- No, the leaf-fiber is not of that type
 They're growing it in Palamu
- They're growing it in Palamu.
- For rope?
- Yes.
- That's *aloe*, my friend. That fiber gives rope as strong as manila. They eat the root in Kerala. This family is a bit different. Rope indeed! I still cherish the hope of making a women's cooperative for weaving these mats, the women to be the owners. Ropemaking! Look at our state of affairs. The government is bent on banishing poverty. *Man*, how can I show you all the new projects? The tribal doesn't get help to stay alive and the government will not help us to implement all the great schemes and all the hundreds of thousands of rupees supposedly there to keep them alive.
- Not easy
- The money will even go back . . . it's like that in Madhopura. Madhya Pradesh was Madhya Bharat—Central India—in the Raj, a land of small and big feudal princes. Even now women sometimes make arrangements to burn themselves on their husband's pyres to be sati. But Khajra plants.
- That's not it. In India, in the matter of forests . . .

Surajpratap, yes Surajpratap had written. In India, there were various kinds of forests in the past. There were traditional uses of trees and forest products. In any other country they would have extended the forest and put trees to new uses for human beings. In our country natural forests were destroyed. People dependent on the forest were not taught any new uses. A lot of shellac was produced in Palamu from the flamboyant; the flamboyant is a village god there—the flamboyant has been cleaned out. And this production of aloe on barren soil is a kind of game. *Man*, the sacks are made of polythene, not jute. Rope made of synthetic fiber is much stronger than rope made of the fiber of the aloe.

The way doesn't end. Shankar sits with a stony face. Harisharan says, In 1983–84 there was a green revolution in the State of Madhya Pradesh as well.

Why does the computer in the brain store so much information, why does it turn the head into a bomb? The first green revo

lution in India was confined to Haryana, Punjab and Western Ulttar Pradesh. The second green revolution takes place in West Bengal, Bihar, Orissa, Madhya Pradesh, and Ulttar Pradesh as well. Why then do the plowing fields of Bihar burn repeatedly in protest, journalists run to Kalahandi, Bhil families kill themselves in Madhya Pradesh, and contractors incessantly take bonded labor from these states? Why are the starving tribals, the starving poor of these states, the special constituency of the Migrant Labor Act, why are they constantly becoming slave laborers non-stop? Why are there slave-labor cases from Haryana and Faridabad pending in Supreme Court?

"The Indian agricultural sector has made remarkable progress. Through scientific methods of cultivation India has not only been able to solve the problems of flood and drought. She is sending food to the Asian and African countries less fortunate than India."

In 1985–86 India has raised between 146 and 148.5 million tons of food grains and 32.6 million tons of oilseed and 175 million tons of sugar-cane; 8.5 million bales of cotton and 11.4 million of jute; and India exports 25 percent of the spices on the international market.

Why is this not reflected from Himachal Pradesh to Tamil Nadu, Maharashtra, Rajasthan to Eastern India?

Millions of tons of food grains, green revolutions in Central India, in Orissa, Bihar, West Bengal. Why this poverty then, and why do hundreds of thousands of people leave home mesmerized by labor contractors?

— Now you are in the jaws and teeth of the beast in the map, Puran. Take off your shoes.

Yes, they have entered. In front and on the sides a few huts disappearing into the hillside.

- What are these chalk marks on the hut walls?
- People have died there.
- What is that crowd in front?
- You'll see. Don't talk now.

Some people are sitting in a circle at a distance from a hut. The hut is on high ground. An emaciated boy sits on the stoop of the hut. His hair is tawny, eyes very bright. This hut, like all the huts, has foundations and parts of the walls of stone. The rest is mud. The roof is some sort of rush thatch.

The picture is engraved on the hut's base. The being whose

wings are webbed like a bat's, body like a gigantic iguana, four clawed feet, no teeth in the yawning terrible mouth.

Around the boy's neck is a plaited string necklace.

- Bikhia. He is the artist.
 - He has engraved it!
- Bikhia first outlined it with chalk, that was photographed. Then he engraved it.
- He himself?
- They all can. You'll get engraved pictures like that in every hut.
- What do they draw?
- Trees, flowers, monkeys, elephants, birds.
- Bikhia is mute after setting down the unquiet soul of the ancestors. He can speak. He won't. Shankar, bring the ingredients for the ritual.

Harisharan arranges an egg, some flowers and leaves, in a clay bowl some rice, vermilion, and oil. Then he puts his palms ogether and says, "Now worship. We will make our offerings, ask for your ancestors' blessings, and then start work."

Many pairs of mute, dim eyes. As if they're looking from

- Give us your permission.

rus of sound because many dhomras are playing together. The Again the dhomra starts playing softly. It is as if there is a chopriest comes up. He sacrifices the eggs with his bony meager hand, offers the rice. All the men seem to be in mourning. The infants est their faces like ticks on the chests of the skeleton mothers.

The Sarpanch sighs, wipes sweat, looks at Harisharan. Harisharan says, "Where are you striking camp?"

Shankar says, "Raise it here. We can give from here. No one will sleep in that room."

- Where does Bikhia sleep?
 - On the stoop.
- Where will my friend stay?
- Behind this room. Dahi is dead, his son too. His wife has gone to Dholki.

The priest closes the service and says, "No one can do us any good now. Still since this government sir has come, we cannot turn him back. Tell ụs officer, what we must do?"

Puran watches and watches. Stoves are put together with — See what I do. If you can help us, some of you.

rocks. Pots and ladles have been brought. Milk powder is mixed hinly with hot water. Shankar brings containers from every hut.

- Take the milk to the mothers for their children. Let the

The Sarpanch helps. Today's relief is powdered, parched nothers take and drink, and then give again, give to the kids.

They'll give rice tomorrow. If it's given today they'll eat naize and dried molasses powder.

Sir! This is today and tomorrow. Then?

Get it going at least. Day after tomorrow Kausalji, from Mahavir People's Welfare, will give rice, kodo, maize. But they will run the kitchen and give cooked food. Let's see if their lot sends a doctor. Your job is to have wells dug. Get wells dug, Sarpanch, with or without cement rings.

slung on shoulders. Shankar explains to the people, "Thin it with Puran and Harisharan now give out parched grain powder, dried molasses powder. The Sarpanch's men bring water in jars, water, otherwise you won't be able to keep it down. No, it's all right, we have made the sacrifice.

It was Shankar who said a lot then.

rupees as daily wages for digging wells, paving well-rings, cutting Harisharan says, "Shankar travels all the time, earlier he had referred to their ancient history, and having seen it fresh he was speaking from the forecourt of the present. This body lives here steps on the rock face for climbing down to the source of the Pirtha naturally, and the mind is free to travel. Normally he is one of my nainstays. It is by his hand that I have given the tribals seven ditch. They used to get two rupees. He kept all the accounts."

- What is to be done?
- Shankar, we have to take some people to the hospital. I can take them in the truck.
- No use, they'll die on the way.
- Says who?
- The shadow has been around the whole way.
- Shankarl Live. If you live, the unquiet soul will be
- we live. That's why they don't give us any help. The forefathers have been insulted, we could not protect their dignity. Now our life and death are not in our hands. And, don't you see how few You don't understand. The government doesn't want that people have come from the area?

- Perhaps they haven't enough strength in their bodies
- The ones who are strong enough haven't come either.

ation in Madhopura, rice and wheat are rotting away. What on come once, and then? God, in the warehouses of the Food Corporarea will die of a death-wish. The Mahavir People's Welfare will Harisharan says to himself, "I cannot accept that an entire

Your tribal MLA?

Harisharan's mouth speaks as his hands work

- MPs, Ministers! Even a Sarpanch or a Panchayat. If you raise isolated among the mainstream people. Why speak of MLAs, minds, for the rank and file of the party as well. Then in the elected. After all, they are elected through the support of some MLA who gave money to his party but did not get any work done West Bengal we heard of a tribal Panchayat representative or the standard of your unit they call you selfish. Very funny. In Assembly, in Parliament, in the Ministry, they feel tremendously party or other! This party stuff also brings a distance into their Their own kind mentally push them away as soon as they are The tribal MLA, MP, Minister never open their mouths
- just like the mainstream, he is as much a bastard as we are. This is true all over. And in some places where the MLA is
- Sarpanch there works hard, and also steals. This tribal unit has more money, more schemes, but he is afraid to ask Look at the neighboring Sarpanch of Bhalpura. The
- Do these people love him?
- Shankar to talk, and now. with them are through Shankar. It is normally difficult to get this might have created solidarity, it's hard to say. All our contacts But since in spite of famine he can't do anything, quite incapable been educated and got jobs, a certain distance has been created Yes ... at least they could trust ... now that his sons have

is looking at Puran with the same inscrutable eyes Bikhia has not come forward and taken something to eat. He

Half of them have TB ... hey

drinking from her bowl. Suddenly the bowl drops from her fingers and she slips, slips down. An old woman was looking at them from time to time, and

attacks him: of dying of starvation bit by bit, of an unwashed Puran puts his arms around her. A strange mixed smell

body, of a rotting mouth. Puran lifts her up carefully and lays her

I'll take a look. I'm a healer as well.

Then he drips water down her throat from the end of his dhoticloth and gives Puran information. Dahi's mother-in-law, Sarpanch checks the old woman's pulse, turns up her eyes.

Come from Dholki?

again and again, hasn't it? Hey, oldie! will slowly come here. The shadow has gone around over Pirtha No sir, she lives here. If a little relief gets here, everyone

The old woman opens her eyes.

Sarpanch says in a gentle voice, "Drink, I'll feed you."

and then from the bowl powdered-parched grain and molasses, first from the dhoti end The old woman keeps feeding in little bits from the mixture of

them rice gruel, rice over-boiled in salty water. No lentils, their bellies won't stand it." Harisharan says, sighing, "From tomorrow we have to cook

Send health workers.

Magistrate come, let the SDO come ... let the Chief Medical behaves this way...if I go to Madhopura tomorrow...let the the Food Corporation of India warehouse ... Officer come ... if no one comes, let them give us something from Yes, at least mentioning enteric ... but if the government

Puran says softly, "You go to Madhopura."

- And here?
- I'll put my hands to it, it'll get done
- Oh. Rain ... if it rains now?
- Another rain?
- will fill Pirtha tank to the brim.. We want rain. Then the Khajra plants will live. The wells

The truck beeps.

- traders ... now the last resort, Mahavir People's Welfare ... it. How can one get work done \dots with the help of merchants and The truck belongs to Mahesh Road Transport, the SDO got
- You say they'll come.
- center [federal government]. Kausalji's party is the Congress, the massive affair. They get plenty of money from the state, from the means ... he keeps all the parties in his pocket. Only if they help Welfare people are Bharatiya Janata Party ... don't ask me what it What can I say? A so-called social welfare organization. A

a bit ... they bring all this money by claiming to help these people they told me, you're a good man, you're asking, we'll go. But the government doesn't agree that this is a famine, they might take it after all. It's not that they don't do anything at all, but here...

- What did you say?
- I said, the government now acknowledges the role of volbut why not? If the government does nothing in the ITDP [Indian Tribal Development Project] area, I said, I'll ask you from the ıntary organizations in the eradication of poverty. Do some work, 'll help you from the Block Office, and ... I told them as lies ... Block Office to set up schemes.
 - And what can they achieve?
- Projects (NREP) but there are countless schemes, and endless Well, they can't do big items like Rural Labor Employment Generating Projects (RLEGP) or National Rural Employment funds ... some things can surely get done.
 - There is a blueprint for this.
- How?
- If their registered organization starts a scheme with "We'll get this done here," it'll be good publicity.
 - "m not telling them, Let me activate the Sarpanch and see if their huts through RLEGP ... affairs of the government! Someone sold he idea of solar ovens, and the MLA says, Why not some solar ovens in my area. And even biogas we can do. I had to say that to cook in. There is no cattle that there'll be bio from dung. And Sir MLA! You can get biogas from human stool as well. In your They must know this, otherwise why did they say "Yes"? the problem in my Block was what to cook, not what kind of oven constituency people eat little, they starve, the quantity of stool they produce is minute. You can't make biogas from it. This is my opinion, of course you can do what you like.
 - What did he say?
- Nothing. As if he understood! If his brother had been the MLA I could have explained. He's very sharp. Not this one.

Sarpanch brings a large portable paraffin lantern.

Shankarl Let me show Puranji the room. Come Puranl Now the work will go on.

Past this hut there is another room on the hillside. It's not and his son belong to the first batch of the people who died of the small, and its thatch is relatively fresh. Harisharan says, "Dahi

water. Like I said ... they did some work ... got some wages hey moved the thatch ... see how they build! See the rocks?"

- It is of course they who cut through the rock?
- Yes ... behind that narrow tunnel-like passageway is probably the shrine room to the gods of the household. Never go
- Will this room do?
 - Perfectly.

When the eye gets used to the dark one sees there's nothing in the room. Just the room.

- They've broken the oven as well. The door ... the rushramed cover, they've uncoupled as well.
- ly ever comes, they'll put up new door covers, a new roof. This is No one will live here anymore. If anyone from Dahi's famwhere they put the water-jar, the stone is dented here.
- They don't make windows?
- There they are, the small holes in the wall.
 - An excellent room.
- The door is not toward the village on the west side, where there's nothing but the steep hillside. Do you understand why?
 - Why?
- Some people invaded the Nagesias in some distant day and they still build huts facing due hillside.
 - The same in Palamu.

thing away. Even building their houses like hawks, out of sight of In the houses of the Nagesias of Palamu Puran had seen no date-leaf mats, not even grass mats, even in that" notorious intruding enemies, the Palamu Nagesias have still not been able Palamu winter. What to do, my lord? The bosses dragged everyo avoid becoming bond-slaves, or kamiya, seokia, haroaha, charoaha, they have not been able to escape, anywhere.

They have nowhere to escape, not even in Palamu.

had said he would buy a petrol lighter some day, matches cost too much. Not for smoking, to light the oven and warm his limbs in Young Gidhari Nageśia, with nothing but a loincloth on him,

- See for yourself Puran, go from hut to hut. As you climb higher, if one hut faces east, the other will face west. Puran says softly, "So that the enemy can or could be spotted

still build in this way." played the nagara. This word they carry in their blood. So they from every direction. They played the dhomra, in Bihar they

You know this?

Puran smiles

- No one told me. This room is telling me, or I am grasping this as I've entered this room ... this is sensed in the blood, it flows in the blood from generation to generation.
- Purant don't romanticize it.

to the same distant place, from the same place, over thousands of years? Sensed in the blood! Why do migratory birds fly in winter

- When were they invaded?
- district of Bihar, although their name is not to be found in the tribal register of Bihar. Madhya Pradesh, Maharashtra, Wesi I don't know. These tribals can be found in the Palamu

is natural that they should live together, close together. They scat one place, built another village when their numbers increased, if tered, they went so far they were attacked A small group, why did they scatter in this way? They lived in

- west-north-south Now a different invasion! Invasion from all quarters, east-
- Yes, so Shankar said.
- You will need a water jar.
- I've got a water bottle.
- sleep on? Something from the Sarpanch's house ... A filled-up lantern ... mosquito-net ... but what will you
- I'll ask.
- You'll stay ... how many days?

Shankar comes and stands in the doorway.

- What do you say?
- What shall I say?
- The picture that he's drawn ...
- Yes, that picture.

Harisharan looks at him.

they don't want to." Shankar says, "Three people should go to hospital... but

The shadow was seen in Bhalpura as well

Shankar is silent

Why don't they come?

pterodactyl, puran sahay, and pirtha 🥕 135

What is the use, sir?

Harisharan breaks down with the day's fatigue, labor, worry.

He shouts his plea. you in bonded labor...I'm only charged with your Block can, let me take them. Improvement ... I can't do anything at all, let me do what little ! Shankarl I didn't cut down the forest, take your land, keep

Shankar looks in melancholy amazement

then come home and die. You healed Dahi with the needle last year ..., this time ... Then he says, "Take them, sir. They will live in the hospital

Harisharan rubs his face.

panch's house a rope mat, a pillow ... Now as much as I can do ... Yes Shankar, from the Sar-

A rush mat will do. I don't use a pillow.

sheets, pillow, nothing?" Shankar says in a lifeless voice, "A rope mat, a mattress

- Just a rush mat, so I can tuck in the mosquito net
- stay in a tribal hut ... why? Then why a mosquito net, there are no mosquitoes. That journalist sir also ... you live like them when you
- I'm afraid of snakes.
- did they go? Where are the snakes, sir? The snakes don't come, where

Shankar asks himself.

gives them to Shankar. trust. He silently takes out his tape recorder and his camera and Puran realizes that he is not succeeding in earning Shankar's

- Why are you giving these to me?
- Keep them in the Sarpanch's room.

Curtains come down over Shankar's eyes.

I won't take pictures. I'll tape nothing.

Harisharan says, "You fool!"

No, Harisharan.

Shankar returns the things to Puran.

You keep your things ... that journalist also took pic-

If he had, there would have been a mad rush of people to Pirtha." Shankar says, "Come, sir. Let me walk with you. Then I'll Harisharan says in a dry voice, "We did not let it be publicized.

bring him a rush mat, water.

- Where shall I wash myself?
- It's getting dark ... why not come to the Sarpanch's place? You'll eat there too.
 - I'll have a wash-up.
- You'll eat there too. Sir! You people understand nothing. Will our hunger lessen if you don't eat?

Harisharan says, "Come come, the Sarpanch can tell you what this place was like forty years ago."

He says in English in a low voice, "If someone dies at night you'll have to leave tomorrow, people are dying regularly. But from now on, whatever happens, if there is any tragedy, they will take your coming ...

- They won't beat me up?
- No, never. You are their guest, an imposed guest, but still

They keep on walking. The skeleton men-women-boys-girls have now lain down in a circle, keeping the picture at a distance, and the petrol lamp is burning.

The Sarpanch says, "I'll have the pot scoured tomorrow. I've unloaded all the stuff. Come, sir, you too are tired."

- And you're not?
- I'm the Sarpanch ... this is my job ... how can I be tired? can get something done because this Block Officer is here, otherwise .

Harisharan says, "You can't go on saying that, Sarpanch. Now want a full list of the poor and tribal homeless in your area."

- Yes sir.
- keep talking, but does the Sarpanch let you know anything? How — Can't you go to the Block Office? Can't you raise a noise? How many times have I said that I can't work if you don't go forward. When I go to Madhopura, for the last three years I hear you many times will you slap my face?
 - Don't say that, sir.
- Show work, show work, you're not worthy of being a Sarpanch of an ITDP area.
 - It'll be done this time.
 - After everyone dies?

Sarpanch says, "There are rocks in the way, watch your step."

Harisharan says, "Puran! If we could once make the administration sweat, man! Your report appears, the way I could draw you in with Suraj's report, perhaps with your report some big

to me all the time but to this man I have to come myself, he paper in Delhi ... All due to Sarpanch ... Other panchayats come doesn't come."

- I'd have gone this time.
- -You were keeping the gods pleased. So, keep 'em pleased. But show some effort as well.
 - Master, I am also the village doctor.
- The problem is great, Sarpanch. It won't be cured by you and me, although we must try.
 - Don't worry so much, Harisharan.
- Sir, you too haven't dined.
- That's fine.

Shankar says, "Shall I come with you?"

No. Who'll take care of all this then?

Shankar says, "Clouds come and go. They come and go. Even the clouds know we've sinned." Then he says in a spiritless voice, "We are unclean because we are in mourning. Even so the journalist sir came to visit us."

He says to himself, "How stop it? We have never been able to do it. Everyone comes to see us, to see us, and we get dirty. Our women ...

Harisharan said, "And a few were sold, shouldn't you have let me know?"

- That's the Sarpanch's job.
- But you come to my office.
- This is not the first time that people have been sold out of Pirtha. As long as we are here, buyers will come.
 - Puran, how do I put Pirtha on the map?
- Tomorrow, tomorrow. Go home, clean yourself, rest, eat something.

Harisharan, hairy and large, now looks like a lost and bewildered bear.

- Puran. I have fought for this situation in Pirtha, but the picture drawn by Bikhia?
 - Get in the truck. You are taking patients.
 - Pirtha will eat me up.

Harisharan leaves.

Shankar looks, shakes his head.

Sarpanch says, "Well well Shankar, will you have a bite?"

- No Sarpanchji. How will this sir go?
 - I will send Ganesh with him.

est grow on your slopes, at your feet?" still? How can grass and Khajra grow in your cracks, and the forter. Now stay still. How will the river come down if you're not to the world. They will make settlements. You will give them shel-Lord Sun told them, you are alive, but I'm now sending humans moved about on the Pirtha Hill. Everything was alive. And the The Sarpanch says, "Yes, yes, in the old days the rocks

- Who told you this?
- know anything from us, and what they write ... ther. Is it written in books, sir? The book-writers don't want to Grandfather, great-grandfather, then great-great-grandfa-

Shankar says, "I'm off sir, Sarpanchji."

Shankar leaves.

serve you food, you'll have to rough it." come to let people know about Pirtha? Come, wash up, let me and stands over him." He says, "If your health goes too, who will 'That sir," the Sarpanch says, "also feeds Shankar...a lot

- No Sarpanchji
- You can't get anything here.
- I don't want anything.

wraps a local-weave gamchha-towel around his waist and bathes by the well. No, one can't come to Pirtha and return posthaste to drought in 1980 and 1981, up to 1982, how could the green revolook for good food in some government bungalow, it's immoral. lution come in 1983–1984? Who reaped those harvests? Puran There was a drought on, a drought. Tell me if there was a

little legs and brings a laden plate. The wife or daughter-in-law sets down a flat wood seat with

Flat bread, rice, lentil, pickle, pappadum, yogurt.

couple. This poster has failed in a country where a child is born around saying "only one child, no more," and showing a happy every second and a half. Something pushes up in Puran's chest. There are posters all

Sarpanchji, I can't eat so much.

Puran hadn't known that a laden plate could give such a

Ask for another plate

pterodactyl, puran sahay, and pirtha 💉 139

The woman brings another plate.

- It's hard to eat just vegetables, nothing but greens
- No, I don't feel good.
- ate a ball of dried maize and molasses ... you didn't eat anything, your belly is full of bile. Eat whatever you like. If you take a little powdered-chickpea drink at noon \dots I

A little rice, a little yogurt, a bit of molasses

- That's all? Nothing more?
- No, I can't.
- Eat with us tomorrow then
- molasses, and rice brought for me. And a cooking pot No, I won't come for food. Have some maize-powder, salt,
- You cook yourself?
- Yes, I'm used to it.
- Does Sir have a family?
- Mother, my mother, and my son
- And the housewife?
- You didn't marry again. And your son ..
- He has his grandmother. And he's a big boy

Puran tries to smile, "As in the poster, I have only one son."

- get learning. Does that happen with the poor? The more children you people have even four children, they get enough to eat, they them a lot. But no more than one child! Here you are unjust. If they stop the cold if you spread them on the floor, I distribute Yes ... they cover cracks if you put them up on the wall
- But you won't be able to feed them.

The Sarpanch smiles at Puran's ignorance

one goes to market to sell firewood. And all of them weave householders, one minds the younger kids, and even cooks. The wood, one pastures the goats of the village neighbors or of distant Khajra-leaf mats, to sell at the market parents can go to Bhalpura to look for work. One brings water He manages his kodo-grain himself. One goes to fetch

Irrefutable argument.

household needs many children. You can't do that family planning in a poor area. A poor

halt after one or two children, there the children have childhoods born every second and a half in India. Where the parents have a And they have no childhood, they remain illiterate. A child is

ncrease in the poorer social strata. India will only take their head count in 1991. And will not give them anything, education, a tum sexual intercourse with women is the only male pleasure, the ine, even if there are schools in every village, every year children has seen children of eight and ten working in the landlord's fields of a surplus of food and toys. Then from the nursery on as much nigher education as possible. Population is increasing and will chance to live, some way of becoming fully human. On that straway to be free of the pain of an accumulated sense of uselessness and failure, and as long as the parents are far below the poverty will become child labor, ways of raising income. In Palamu Puran

Puran gets up.

with their parents.

- O Ganesh!
- Give the sir a mattress, sheets, a rope mat...
 - Give me just a grass mat.
- Take a bundle of posters, you can spread them. There seems to be a touch of condescension in the Sarpanch's eyes. Puran realizes that he might be acting foolishly. He had always thought he was altogether self-reliant since he set out with nothing but a sarong and toothbrush in his shoulder bag.

Now he sees that's not enough. He feels inadequate. It's true that he can't reach Shankar's people by eating little or sleeping on grass mats. There is a great gulf fixed between Puran's kind and Shankar's kind. But he does want to get close.

Saraswati says, "Some day you'll see that what you know is not enough. Then perhaps your pride will fall, and you'll act natutal."

- Am I full of pride?
- Isn't there a pride of "no pride"? It's there one way in you, one way in me, how can we avoid the touch of our times?

Now Puran realizes that he's never been in such a situation draws, the settlement remains unclean and in mourning, and Shankar says, from a millennial other space, "We were!" Upon the backdrop of this experience there is the man-made famine. The same person, at the same time, banishes poverty in Constibefore. Where the ancestral soul casts a roving shadow, Bikhia tution and Proclamation, creates poverty, protests in art-films.

They serve the upper echelons of society in glossy magazines, g a lot of muddle like this.

What is Puran to do?

This burden is heavier on the return trip. The Sarpanch loads him up with maize-powder, molasses and salt, some rice. Ganesh takes a cooking pot. The Sarpanch says, "Don't pay me now."

- My paper has given me money.
 - You can settle tomorrow.

On the way back the road from Gabahi to Pirtha is much

It takes time to get there.

Pirtha is deadened. Bikhia is sleeping in front of the engrav-

He enters, lights the lantern, and lets Ganesh go. Puran was overwhelmed with sleep that night as soon as he had unrolled the mat, hung out the mosquito net and, lying down, had tucked it in. The rains came riding on cold winds that night.

And, when the rain symphony was at its peak, then into Puran's room came the soul of the ancestor of Shankar's people, half claw scratching, half floating.

It had crossed the passageway and entered the dead Dahi's house shrine, the inner shrine to the god of the house. Down the narrow passage with its wings furled, rubbing its claws on the floor. Did it make any noise then?

This Puran cannot say.

Puran turns to stone, he freezes.

It rains and rains and rains.

Did the sound of breathing come from the shiftne? Should he turn on his flashlight? No, that can't be. Puran slowly mobilizes his numb still body. He gets up.

walks toward the passage. There is another room at the end of the passage. Part of the thatch of the room's roof has blown away. The room is not very large. Lightning flashes in the rain. The eye gets He leaves his bed and stands on the floor. Then he slowly accustomed to it. Filling the floor a dark form sits.

ors of Shankar's people looks at Puran, and the glance is so preuistoric that Puran's brain cells, spreading a hundred antennae, From the other side of millions of years the soul of the ancesunderstand nothing of that glance. If tonight he'd seen a stone flyng with its wings spread, would he have been able to speak to it?

The creature is breathing, its body is trembling. Puran backs off with measured steps.

He comes outside. The rain wets him. Puran raises his face to

the sky and opens his mouth. He has never drunk the rain. Now water streams from his eyes, Puran sits down on stone. He leans his head on the wall.

No, nothing must be said. It wants refuge with Puran. Puran cannot betray this, for any reason at all. But what capacity does Puran have to protect the supplicant?

Why should Shankar's ancestors give Puran strength? From antiquity to today, the long marches of the Aryan and the non-Aryan, of the living and the dead are on parallel ways.

Puran has never been particularly curious about his (not personally his) ancestors; and Saraswati's comment that day (one of her friend's sisters having been burnt to death by her husband over a dowry problem), to the effect that look! Ramchandra is the ideal of caste-Hindu men in Bihar. What did he not do? Political treachery, murdering the powerful by trickery, subjugating the powerless for political profit, burning his wife, deserting her when she is pregnant, killing the Shudra sage Shambuk—I don't think the high-caste men of Bihar will ever be able to shake off Rama's influence.

This comment has thrown Puran into greater doubt. No, he doesn't want to know about ancestors.

Who will give him strength now? Puran sees that the sky is clearing and perhaps dawn is breaking.

Was he in that state that's called a trance in English? But now there's very little time. Some arrangement has to be made, but what exactly? If a naked beggar is asked to hide the koh-i-noor, where does he conceal the jewel?

Not the koh-i-noor, but a much more valuable, rarer, earthshaking piece of news.

Newspapers and scientists from the world over are pouring into Pirtha, extinguishing the tribals altogether. Why Madhopura, Pirtha is on the map of the world. Internationally known foundations determine the "why and how." If the world finally comes to the decision that "only tribal areas inhabited by starving, living human elements can discover the impossible, that these areas can help us determine the earth's real age and prove that, in some parts of India, a piece of the original earth still remains undiscovered"?

Bikhia on international television?

Puran shakes his head. Goes behind the room. Keeps looking, keeps circling.

Someone holds his hand.

A most imperial laughter in Bikhia's eyes. His lips don't move,

Puran tears off a bunch of long grass and spreads his arms to show this much is needed. He knows Bikhia can hear him. He has only stopped speaking after he drew the picture.

Grass needed, a lot.

Bikhia remains standing.

And, water in a container like this!

Bikhia lets go of his hand and grabs his feet, puts his head on uran's feet.

Puran pulls him up.

- Did you go to the room?

Bikhia inclines his head.

Surprising Puran he puts his hand on his own lips and on uran's.

Let no one know! No one will know.

Bikhia brought in bundles of grass. Before heaping grass at the mouth of the shrine-room Puran had seen flowers, rice, grains of kodo.

Had seen a bowl of water. An earthen bowl. Bikhia had gone forward with his eyes closed, with the bowl of water, which he had set down and retreated.

Their ancestor was looking at them with half-open ancient eyes and then Puran sees that his body was quivering non-stop. No, not too large. And what is it in his faded eyes, a question? Longing? What can it be?

Bikhia takes the load of grass into the next room, sets it down in a corner. There is a peculiar urgency now in his arms and legs.

Then he puts his palms together, lowers his head, and takes one turn. He expresses respect by lying prone. Looks up, the roof has blown away in the storm, there is a gap up there.

He covers the opening to the *passageway* with grass. Did he have all this dried grass stacked up in his room? That clay bowl, is it a household object, belonging to a home that its people have left, holding death's hand?

Puran keeps looking at him. At least he's hot alone now, Bikhia shares the intolerable burden of his explosive discovery. Puran would have gone mad if he had had to carry this experience in his brain cells.

Bikhia has received his ancestral soul. That is why his face is now so full of a quiet wisdom.

What has Puran received?

Bikhia holds Puran's hand with utmost care. Puran weeps

Bikhia keeps pulling him outside and points ahead.

Water is running down a crack in the rock.

Is Bikhia asking him to listen to the music of the waters?

Bikhia looks at him in deep expectancy but Puran understands nothing.

Puran understood later, a bit later, when Shankar came to take him down below.

— Where?

Shankar didn't answer. He went near Pirtha ditch and said, "You have brought this rain, the people of Pirtha are now in your

The water is echoing and bounding into the source-pool, flowing away. Puran watches and says softly, "Cooperate with the Block Officer, Shankar. He is a very good man."

- I don't know if the curse will break.
 - Perhaps it will.

Shankar sighs and says, "The gods gave water at a time when we don't have the strength to go down to the fields. There's water in the wells and the Khajra plants will live."

They were watching the water. The stream of the Pirtha comes out of the cave, down the stones. There are many caves on Pirtha Hill, small and large.

Caves, cave paintings, Bikhia's picture.

Puran now realizes that the rainfall on the night of his arrival might give rise to another legend.

He shakes his head repeatedly. He says to Shankar, "I have a heavy head, I got wet for a whim."

Shankar sighs.

— Come to Gabahi, take some tea.

Puran does not say no.

III

The modern age has given them nothing, if a miracle can bring something big! The ancestors' shadow had brought a kind of news Harisharan says, "Man, they keep on waiting for a miracle. some good luck into this intolerable existence! A small miracle, to them, as a result of which whole villages were awash with

ment here, but in these three years I've never seen this type of despair, this type of exhausted despair. Night before last I leath-wish. Malnutrition and starvation have a permanent settlecouldn't sleep, couldn't eat, what a night of bad dreams!"

- Yes, you were very worried.
- Tension for me ... it was my father's high blood pressure .. My wife has brought me Benjamin's Everybody's Nature Cure. She writes all the time, Are you keeping to the blood pressure rouine? And I write a million lies.
- What does Nature Cure say?

the stones. From that dark rainy night on, he has been desperate to know if communication can be established, if the ancient myseries of Nature can be known in any way. But it's breaking your It is crucial for Puran now to find out what Nature says, what news she gives. He is caressing the leaves of the Khajra, the grass, nead against an invisible glass wall.

Only when Bikhia comes at night ...

- Come on, is it possible for me? I still write I am eating fruit, fasting from time to time, of course I really don't smoke or drink. I write that I am not eating spicy food, no sweets, almost no tea or coffee. But it's all lies, friend. Can one follow rules all the time?
- No, is it possible?
- raining ... there was some rain yesterday ... there might be Oh, I'm deeply in your debt. You don't know, but you've brought a small miracle. There it was, you came, and it started today ...

Puran says in deep sorrow, "How can I buing rain? Can anyone?"

through you ... now a story will be put together from voice to voice, the story will become song ... and the song will enter the - Man! People who have nothing need miracles. For now it's nistory that they hold in their oral tradition.

Puran smiles palely, Can that be?

coming of Puran? Shankar says those are not stones, the men who ng for their way back. At that time the enemy couldn't come Will they ever wait in silence on the hilltop for the second went on the ancient wars (Shankar doesn't know what wars, with whom, when) against the enemies, did not all return. The mothers, wives, and sisters of those who did not return turned to stone lookacross the Bhalpura, and the Pirtha was a bigger river. Those

ancestors of Shankar's people would go up near Bhalpura and has therefore wandered looking for familiar spots and been pained there's a bridge there, the map is changed. Their ancestors' sou fight, they didn't let the enemy enter tribal settlements. But now

of earlier times, the ancient glory-sagas, would have gradually moved as far as Pirtha, if tribals and non-tribals had lived become blurred in the mind. together for two or three generations, then perhaps the memories How naturally Shankar can say these things! If the town hac

children in the extremity of despair, and fall to feeding on carrion, aboriginals their bond slaves with the seduction of "ten rupees a the advance men of those labor contractors who will make the like vultures for the moment when starving parents will sell their moneylenders from Bhalpura and Rajaura who will snatch their metal road has come to them to serve the interests of those very day and a full stomach." exile. They have not received anything from modern India. This harvests to recover their loans, those patient customers who wait That hasn't happened in Pirtha. These people are fully in

starvation, until the bodies of the man and the woman go on strike permanently. The birth of children increases rather than decreases as a result of Modern India only gives them posters for family planning.

separate the two. And who is going to tell us what is legend and cultivates the stony ground, lives on the hillside, eats mainly the is the problem with Shankar's nostalgia? so much history out of the Ramayana and the Mahabharata, what what history from the perspective of these totally rejected tribals? root of the Khajra. How can he abandon the past? They don't Where is the boundary between history and story? If we can get know if that past is legend or history, and no researcher comes to Only Shankar is literate in the surrounding villages. He too

where the drought is maybe just as bad? Is Puran so fortunate man who brought rain? And, if Puran doesn't come, will they say haven't seen a moving picture, they don't wear trousers, they were in mourning?" time he came with rain clouds at a sad burnt-out time when we that they will mingle him in their history, saying, "Once upon a in self-consolation that he has gone somewhere else with his rain, Puran leaves, will they be waiting in the merciless heat for the don't drink tea, but only wait for a large or small miracle. When How thoroughly rejected and forgotten these people are! They

PTERODACTYL, PURAN SAHAY AND PIRTHA 💉 147

- What are you thinking, Puran?
- No ... so many things ... did your Kausalji respond? Now
- Don't you see how big the crowd is? beautifully organized. Kausalji has been abroad many times Yes, today there will be a health camp in Gabahi. They are
- them to receive long-lasting help... But Harisharan! This is not the solution for Pirtha. For
- hear you're not eating at his place? there. He too will come today. Well, what did the Sarpanch say? I My friend! Things will happen as long as this SDO is
- that's not possible. — No \dots living in Pirtha \dots going to his house to eat \dots
- What do you eat?
- from him. I am cooking myself. I have bought rice, salt, powdered dry corn, and molasses
- Well ..
- Come, let's get to work
- Taking notes?
- tograph skeletal men and women. Yes, in longhand. I am realizing how barbaric it is to pho-
- Pirtha. Otherwise for me to do anything will be very, ... Please avoid that realization. Make an uproar about
- Calcutta newspapers. I will inform the Patna press. Also Delhi ing investigations, many reporters from Delhi and from the big massacre at Arwal, the Civil Liberties organizations are conduct-Pirtha? They will go to Bhopal and ask questions, about Bhopa Journalists are writing about Kalahandi in Orissa, why not about I'll do everything, my friend. Don't you worry. After the
- also Bharat-Bhavan, a huge cultural center, and the minister about Pirtha? around such an immense poison-gas disaster, can it be moved builds a palace. The state government couldn't be mobilized Bhopal! There's the Union Carbide disaster, yet there's
- Let's see. Only one request . .
- What?
- cussion, surely you don't want that? will veer the other way. Bikhia will become the center of their disonly about this permanent famine. Otherwise their enthusiasm all that stuff about the ancestors' soul. Let them be concerned Don't let them see Bikhia's drawing. Don't let them hear

- No. I don't want that.
- These conditions are enough. This they'll find hard to digest. There will be an atomic explosion of news.
 - I know. How will the drawing be explained?
- Bikhia is a natural. He saw such a picture somewhere and copied it. We think the cave-paintings are also his.
 - That is no explanation. Let's leave it there for now.
- We want a stable solution here. As a Block Officer, don't you have any projects?
 - The problem is most complicated, Puran. Look at it this way! I can help them in agriculture. I mean, I have the capacity. I will say this in Shankar's presence today. You will get an answer. Come, let's stop talking, let's go. Let's see what they're up to.

Even the relief camp, this temporary relief camp has moved away from Pirtha. Gabahi is at least flat, and *trucks* can come there. All day yesterday, rice was cooked in Pirtha, powdered milk was mixed with hot water. The stone ovens are still filled with ash and burnt-wood. A skinny dog is hovering there.

- I don't see Bikhia.
 - Must be around.
- I see marks of worship today as well.

Bikhia has engraved the picture on stone with some kind of small hammer and chisel, like the ones used to prepare the spice grinding stone, and the lines show how gentle the hammer strokes must have been there.

- First he drew with a piece of chalk?
- Yes, that's what Suraj photographed.
 - But you confiscated his film...
- That he can't say. And this drawing is the only proof, if it's covered up ... let's see.
- Where did he get hammer and chisel?
- Listen, friend, they engrave pictures in that way inside their homes. They know all that. They carved the surface of the stone steps they built quite in the same way, so that they don't slip and fall. This work they know.
 - Astonishing. Can't we turn this into something productive with enough encouragement?
- So I'd thought. You can't feed the government this project. How many will work? Where is the market? Still I kept it in mind. Yes, we should think about it, that they know how to use the chisel this way, if some cottage industry can be made out of this

... I think, I think.

There are lots of acacia trees between Pirtha and Gabahi. Harisharan said, "My Social Forestry Project is with acacia trees. On both sides of the Pirtha. They are themselves planting, as they hadn't before. Now they understand about planting. They can get firewood from the acacia. Goats can eat the new leaves. Although you still won't see goat or chicken in any of the villages. And they eat the seeds of the long hanging pods "that" are the fruit of the acacia. The acacia is the mythic tree of wish-fulfillment. Here, and in the State of Rajasthan, the acacia is the wishing-tree."

The Sarpanch says in Gabahi, "Come, sirl You are now a god to us. You came, the rains came."

- If the rains hadn't come, I would have been a demon, no?
- Don't they look for a witch when there's a drought or deaths from enteric fever? This is why witches are killed.
- Your *homework* is incorrect. Witches are indeed killed for such reasons. But these days most cases are land-related. They kill for the sake of land, or for the reward.
- These people don't believe in witches?
- The belief exists, but if things are this bad year after year—they know now that their lives won't be helped if witches are killed. But don't forget the matter of the *miracle*. They have assumed that nothing is owed to them, not even rain.
- To be a miracle man is a grave responsibility, Harisharan. Today magicman, tomorrow fraud.
- Don't be difficult, Puran. Don't make me mad. Shankar! Hey Shankar!

Shankar does not come forward. He is leaning against the wall and watching. A little ahead you can see Kausalji's relief camp. The work is going forward with highly expert skill and speed. Now a thin gruel of rice, lentils, and vegetables is being distributed. The health camp is right beside it. Their doctors and health workers are examining men and women.

Kausalji is a heavyset man in dhoti and top. He says, 'Reporterji. Be sure to take photos!"

- Sure.
- We are taking pictures too. Write that we have come to Pirtha before this as well and they are in such poor shape because of the government's lack of concern. There are plenty of projects at the *Block Office*. You can remove their poverty like a shot.

listen to you more than to me. Harisharan says, "You make the effort. The Government will

- Yes, we need a unit here.
- There is a *Block Office*, there are projects. Shankari
- showing you support. I have talked to you before, but these peowanted to give you cattle per family, did you accept? ple haven't heard. The government assigns projects by rote. I ing that there are many projects in the Block Office, we are not Come this way. Take notes, Puran. These people are say.
- How, sir? What would we have fed the cattle?
- We did give goats

anything for it to feed on?" that bit wasn't there. People came from Bhalpura. They gave us is a tribal, sir. It knows how to live on minimum food. But even state Pirtha was in that year! Nothing but acacia leaves. The goat five or seven kilos of kodo grain. We gave up the goats. Was there Shankar looks upward. Says in a detached voice, "What a

- We gave poultry as well.
- they'll feed goats and poultry? Sir, if people don't have anything to eat, tell me what

been a dreadful mockery. Where is the water? Agricultural aid \dots " Harisharan speaks, "We gave no ducks. That would have

Shankar says, "If we had some land down below we could at

- Kausalji! The land these people owned disappeared long
- Tribal land! Recover it for them.
- even then in trivial quantities. aid to this soil? This is just for some kodo, some kutki ... and slopes of this hillside, on barren land. Can one give agricultural How? Did the land vanish yesterday? They farm on the
- come down from the hills, they will farm there, plant trees there there's plenty of water, I'll build a housing development for them I will get the land back from the government, let them
- Oh, that land?
- ative basis and there will of course be schools Let's see. I'll teach the women to weave cloth on a cooper-
- See what you can do!

Now Shankar says, "Where is this?

To the west of Bhalpura

they cooperate? Go and see in our Jijagar Ashram." to live on hills then we have to bring the roads up and give them them to cooperate. Won't the condition of the tribals improve if land down below. Ask them to forget such unrealistic matters. Ask Now Kausalji starts to speak fast and in English, "If they wan

- There's a Shiva temple there, Puran, worth seeing."
- In our Jijagar Tribal Welfare Ashram two hundred tribal

Puran says, "I've seen on TV."

- Program] says, Give the homeless tribals homes. This is not right. homes, yet RLEGP [Rural Landless Employment Guarantee You can't do it, Harisharanji. You didn't even build them
- some more wells dug. used for constructing stone dwellings on the hillside. I will get - The government money for building homes cannot be

picnic area. In Madhopura my brother-in-law is the Managing spot with the river, the hills, and the trees will make an excellent condemned. If you can move them, and plant some more trees, this that much they will get entrenched here. But the place has been Director of State *Tourism*, and as you know, in Bhopal my \dots " Kausalji says in English, "Go slow, friend, go slow. If you help

up a stone." now there is nothing. Still the graves of our forefathers are in Shankar was saying yesterday, "there used to be forest all around of the mourning time. Now we can't bury them anymore, we burn Pirtha. We give to Pirtha's waters the bones of our dead at the end Unfit for the residence of the forest dwellers but fit for picnics. But them. Then we put the ashes in a new bowl and bury them, put A rickety house is condemned. And the living areas of tribals

ers themselves caught and ate the captive deer. change their character and become different? Even animals pregered species or mingle in the mainstream? Or will the tribals colony. In the India of the future, will they be preserved as endanserved behind wire netting are not safe. Somewhere the zookeepleave this place to go to a housing development? Tribals in a tribal Will they put the past behind them, tear up their roots and

nodding assent to everything. Then he wipes the sweat from his Harisharan tells Kausalji, "Yes, yes, of course. In fact he gives

face and tells Puran, Now you see what these people are doing. I will give you all their published literature, Kausalji. Let me walk with him a few steps."

- What, isn't he going to lunch with us?
- No. He's just moving around, looking, taking notes.
- That's what we want. We will take video pictures from tomorrow. We always keep video pictures.
 - You think of everything!
- The SDO will be here, why don't you stay?
 - I'll be back in a minute.

Harisharan goes forward and says, "God, what a man!"

- He'll build a housing development?
- Listen! The land is his. He'll form another organization. It kinds of funds. Foreign money too. Tell me, what can I do? These volunteer organizations can get in, even get some work done, prewill. be registered and to it he will donate this land for the welfare of the tribals. Then he'll get money from somewhere. He gets all cisely because the government has failed in its work. All that will take a long time, and I don't think they'll leave.
 - Yes, this for them is the place where they have been from the immemorial past.
 - I'll sow kodo seed, sir. And if I give agro-training to a few of them Now I'll be grateful if they run the camp for ten days. It's wet now, hen they can raise crops that don't need irrigating, like peanuts. We'll see! I fight on many fronts. With Shankar's kind, with the government, with politicians, and Kausalji has a lot of influence But how will they survive here if they don't leave! Well. upstairs!

Harisharan says good-bye.

- Shall I bring anything for you tomorrow?
 - A bit of fish
- Cooked?
- No, no. I can do everything.
 - Fish!
- Don't if you can't.
- It's very hard, my friend! If I can't, I'll feed you fish on your way back. It's rained, maybe there will be small fish even in Pirtha spring. But whole settlements are dying, who'll fish?
 - I'll eat fish on my return trip then.
 - That's better.

Harisharan leaves. As a student he had hoped to be an agri-

parents provide their children with education that will prepare cultural economist, Puran used to think he'd become a professor. Life's wheel turns strangely. These days educated and affluent hem for a career.

ing down the bowl of dried powdered corn and molasses, You did oring relief in the end, Master! I'd not have sold Magni if I'd known!) never did career-planning, just as they never did familydazed with the sale of his child (he'd wept aloud the first day, setplanning. They knew they would not have a career more brilliant Shankar's parents, Bikhia's parents, the parents of Dimag, han farming for kodo with their spades in stony ground, if possible pasturing goats.

renounce the path of violence." Dimag's wife was saying, This Yesterday the Sarpanch arrived and distributed bundles of paper is not good, too thin. She is now pregnant, and forever nolds the hand of a three-year-old girl, as if someone will snatch posters, "End separatism, keep communal harmony intact, and he child away. She talks as well.

- O Shankarl When will we all die together? Shankar! Why did relief come this time?
- Shankar! Why did it rain?

They are not entitled to rain, they are not entitled to relief, the ancestors' soul has come and gone casting its shadow, therefore unremitting death was their only lot.

Puran gets down toward Pirtha spring. A lungi—an anklenake lamps, candleholders, small urns, vases, et cetera if it's that kind of stone. Of course, the supplier will come to buy wholesale only if thousands are made. And if on stone tiles they carved the ength cloth—around his waist, a gamchha—a scarf-sized local washcloth—around his shoulders, torso bare. Now he takes off is sandals and walks down the steps cut in the stone. You can ish, elephant, people, bow and arrow, bird that they have in their dwellings, the government art emporiums, rich export boutiques of tribal art will be interested. What will the people of Pirtha get? Each question reaches a great no-reply.

doesn't get fish, but gathers some stone-caught moss in his gam-The spring water is quite cool and under his feet is stone. He chha. There is a tremendous problem facing him.

He finds Bikhia waiting when he gets back.

Puran gives him the moss.

Their ancestors' soul looks with half-closed eyes. Rice, kodo,

some dead gnats. Small fish, some mud (so Bikhia caught fish) lie

Those eyes have a message for Puran

on the ground. Bikhia has refilled the water vessel

Puran does not know those eyes' language.

human being is only a few million years old Puran is a newcomer in the history of earth's evolution. The

This one came long before Puran

mal smell, a smell of flesh. This is an unknown carnal smell. Puran and Bikhia come out. The shrine room is full of an ani-

slightly. Bikhia sharpens his glance and still turns. Then squats with arms spread, drags himself on his hands toward the shrine hand on the wall as he turns and turns. Now that hand moves miming a floating flight round and round the room. He beats one spreads his arms as if in mime. The gestures are hand movements room, and then is still Now Bikhia looks at him. Then he suddenly stands up and

it walked. Bring a bird if you can. If you can. Yes Bikhia, all right. One wing is broken, so it dragged as

packet. And says in the direction of the shrine, Forgive me, for-After Bikhia's departure Puran sighs and opens Harisharan's

7

"Reptiles: in sea, in air

ate fish. Their earlier editions, e.g. the rhamphorynchus, still had are quadruped) were unnaturally long holding up a flying memable for flying-their bones hollow and air-filled (when did mar-Mesozoic era, extinct species. Their limbs and organs were suit the long tail of a reptile and innumerable teeth. brane covering the entire body and thighs, Pterodactyls probably row come to fill bones?)—the fourth digit of the front feet (they "Pterodactyl—a flying reptile of the pterosauria class from the

a huge crest [of skin?] in the back of the head and a long tooth row, with a very small tail, and teeth in the front part of the Cretaceous age was much larger, with a 25-foot wingspread, and mouth. [This one is larger in size.] The pteranodon from the The pterodactylus of the earth's Jurassic age was as big as a spar-Puran is certain, for he has taken a good look in the half-light. "[This creature has no teeth. It does not have a long tail

> suspect that the pterodactyl could not fly by flapping their wings. "[Pterodactylus, pteranodon, pterodactyll] Now most experts

muscles needed for flight. Our knowledge of the physiology of they glided like waves, going up and down, some such thing! modern animals suggests that, with such heavy bodies and wings "Their sternum was not strong enough to support the large

get wet themselves. It was not these but flying reptiles from other archaeopteryx. This crow-sized bird was in existence about one groups that evolved into birds. The first known bird is the dactylus were all part of the pterosaurus group.] From reptiles hundred and forty-seven million years ago." hunted on the wing, feeding on shallow-water fish. They did not they became winged reptiles, creatures of the sky. They probably like leathery wings. [The pterodactyl, the pteranodon, and ptero-... One group of these creatures, the pterosaurus, had bat

grass-frame door. Bikhia is now worshipping as well as eating the after establishing the pact of secrecy with Puran—he concludes dark, as if melting bit by bit. Now the sacred room is covered by a waning phase, the sky covered with light clouds. How liquid the ing it up with grass. door frame by shaving the thin branches of the acacia and bind words—even after doing all this he gets the time to make up the by habit we speak, needlessly, one can do with many fewer this pact with Puran while remaining mute, making Puran think relief food sitting in the same place, his eye is dusky and calm Puran closes the book. He gets moving. The moon was in the

bulb of my camera. I think you rested somewhere as you flew not twenty-five feet, something in between the two-I won't go draw your picture with chalk. near, I won't touch you, I will not take your picture with the flash floating, Bikhia saw you then and, on the run, quickly managed to No, you are not as small as a sparrow, yet your wingspread is

up hammer and chisel? Why is Bikhia not speaking? Why is he your prehistoric eyes and his eyes, so that he (illiterate, never remaining mute? Was some communication established betweer think then that chalk rubs off too easily, and did he therefore pick he could come running and draw that picture with chalk? Did he message? The reason why your form was *xeroxed* on his brain anc lution of the planet) grasps that to keep your affair secret is having read a book, with no knowledge of the history of the evo-Did your eyes give Bikhia a sharply urgent wordsoundless

Today," "the present times," "civilization," becomes most baring roads and bridges, cutting down forests. They won't let you go if they know of your existence, this is why he is protecting your visit like the sacred ashes of a funeral pyre or the bones of the remendously urgent. The world of today cannot be informed about you. "Today" does not know the "past," the "ancient." paric by the demands of getting ahead. Yet he doesn't know that 'today" desecrates the ancient peoples' burial-grounds by builddead. He has found some contact. He is a tribal, an aboriginal, you are much more ancient, more originary than his experience, both your existences are greatly endangered.

But oh the first and last living messenger from the prehistoric advance, that the wheels of time will destroy much as they advance. You cannot turn the eighteenth to the seventeenth, however hard you try. Only the creators of science fiction can do that. The boys and girls who are of the "cute" and "oh. baby" and "oh boy!" brand and who are constant escapists in the mind get an unadulterated joy when they read those stories. But in India, or in the world, what is "tidy," just fine, smooth? Such things exist for the few. For the many, time means a struggle red in tooth and claw and the struggle does not mean the same thing all the time. I'me, complex time, how can a computer possibly process this world! This too is the implacable and cruel truth that time wil] time and give birth to a data-sheet?

and the beginnings of the Cenozoic geological ages? That is a The roof of the shrine room has blown away. The sky of the waning moon is covered in fragile clouds, the clouds are ambulant, there is water somewhere after all, for in the moonglow there is a large luminous circle around the moon. How transparent the dark, how liquid, melting bit by bit. Everything can be seen in ess with your wings folded, I do not wish to touch you, you are outside my wisdom, reason, and feelings, who can place his hand on the axial moment of the end of the third phase of the Mesozoic story of seventy-five million years. The Mesozoic ended in a tremendous turbulence, with the inception of the ancestors of the numan being, and the Cenozoic, which is still going on, got its start. That is when the continents drifted again and took their cur-Space separating, seasons and climate changing. Did your world such darkness. No, I don't want even to touch you. You are moverent shape. You were supposed to have become extinct then. nave such dusks? What ocean, what weed, what fish did you see?

book, taken shape so that you can give some urgent news to oday's humans, have you come here because Pirtha is also And were you extinct? Have you left the pages of some picture endangered, its existence under attack for other kinds of reasons?

dactyl somewhere, the world didn't know, I am silent, I am defeated. I won't go near to see if there are feathers, "if the toes see prehistoric fish in the sea. But there was, there was a ptero-No, I have not the right to touch you. Apparently one can still

and nails of the front feet are truly long. Puran's eyes put a question.

- What will you eat?

What do its eyes want to tell Puran?

This body made of the grey dusk or this liquid darkness is quite still. Only an unfamiliar smell, sometimes sharp sometimes mild. When Puran or Bikhia stands, the smell becomes mild and faint. Is this the instinctive feeling for self-protection against unknown animals?

There is no communication between eyes. Only a dusky waiting, without end.

What does it want to tell? We are extinct by the inevitable natural geological evolution. You too are endangered. You too will outside of zoos and protected forest sanctuaries. What will you inally grow in the soil, having murdered nature in the application of man-imposed substitutes? "Deadly DDT greens, / charnel-house sive advance of the strong as it obliterates the weak, which finally ward or back. Forests are extinct, and animal life is obliterated explosive bean-pods, monstrous and misshapen / spastic gourds, eggplants with mobile tails / bloodthirsty octopus creepers, animal become extinct in nuclear explosions, or in war, or in the aggresurns you naked, barbaric, primitive, think if you are going forregetables, / uprooted astonished onions, radioactive potatoes blood-filled / tomatoes?"

The collective being of the ancient nations is crushed. Like nature, like the sustaining earth, their sustaining ancient cultures received no honor, they remained unknown, they were only destroyed, they are being destroyed, is this what you are telling us?

The dusky lidless eyes remain unresponsive.

Have you come up from the past to warn us, are you telling spread thirst is a crime, it is a crime to take away the forest and make the forest-dwelling peoples naked and endangered? Are you us that this man-made poverty and famine is a crime, this wide-

protest, and the arm of combat? telling us that it is a crime to grasp in a stranglehold the voice of

The eye says nothing

nication. Nothing can be said or written. give some news, Puran does not understand. No point of commu-How grey. What amazing eyes. It wants to say something, to

dead), you are sitting unmoving, oh ancient one, what do you want us to know? worshippers are gone) of the family god of a poor tribal (who is remain open? In the inner shrine room (the worshipped and the Is there a message in the smell of its body? Why do its eyes

The grey eye does not respond.

could have saved you, I don't know, if I knew I could have saved save you, is that why I'll see your death? I don't know, if I knew I not be given because human beings do not know or understand century an urgent message like this arrived and the news could searched out water, food, a resting place. I don't know, if I knew you, you would have left again on your flight, you would have \dots In this shrine room of stone and earth in the last years of this You have come to me for shelter, and I don't know how to

The grey eye wants to tell Puran something

Puran shakes and shakes his head.

moss, a handful of fish, insects and flying insects, Khajra tubers, kodo seeds, and rice—remain on the floor. The water-pot remains as it was. Bikhia's offerings—a heap of

Puran backs out, closes the grass door.

subject of the discussion is physically present in front of him. Yet he can know nothing from life. more because he has read the information in the book, and the Carefully puts away the books lent by Harisharan. He knows

to know life by reading books, reading theory. modern man is afraid to know life by entering life. It is much safer Hominidi—hominidi—homo sapiens—mapiens—the human being, because there is no book about me."—No I have not, Saraswati. been able to know me after so many years spent close together, them from S. C. Roy's book. Saraswati says, "Perhaps you have not from one Munda village to another till he finally learned about How little he understood when he traveled in Ranchi district

Block in the distressed days of famine, if the aboriginals of Pirtha But if the pterodactyl flies and casts its shadow in Pirtha

> SDO hides the photos by the following reasoning: "No, no indul there is an explosion in journalist Surajpratap's head, and if the extinct settlement, and if Bikhia, an illiterate tribal youth, draws think that their ancestors' soul has returned grieving because to the godless shrine (how straight it went, was it living there doorless opening of Puran's room enters a pterodactyl, and goes and if on a cloudy rainy night of the rainy season, through the appeal: "what about the most mysterious mystery of the century?" pressed appeal, Put Pirtha on the national map, and unexpressec if journalist Puran enters the stage on Harisharan's SOS (exent, after all"; and when Pirtha settlement is unclean in mourning where will homo-sapiens-mapiens be? Their two worlds are differgence for the fantastic. For if we acknowledge the pterodactyl the pterodactyl on the wall, and seeing it, photographing it, i their ancestors' burial ground has been desecrated in their now and in his steps came rain, water for the thirst of the soil, of our amazing, inexplicable discovery, if then he finds out that those comes Bikhia, from speechlessness moves to a lowered head, and fact must be kept secret, this discovery), and at the break of dawn before?) and seeing it there is an explosion in Puran's head (this Puran, no book has been written about this. who considered him an outsider and an enemy yesterday are before daybreak when Puran is quite adrift by the force of his selves, of the rivers and the wells," then what is to be done by themselves today seeing him with different eyes, saying "He came

tive on the whole thing If written by a third person Puran would have got a perspec-

There is no one to write.

protesting oppression and debauchery and the blood-festival of son from humanity he has reached the final phase of the century tory jubilation of the police after blinding prisoners. asbestos down in asbestos mines, he has seen the self-congratula the protest against industrialists by workers infected by poisonous between the government-enforced teak and the traditional Sal the oppressor's protesting the protest, he has seen the battle Yet he has seen human beings in the most excruciating distress knows nothing, has known nothing. Without taking his first lesthree days that even after this deeply investigative analysis he And Puran has known in his blood-cells and his brain these

back to his safe room where Saraswati arranges and dusts his How much he has seen like this, seen and written and come

160 🗶 IMAGINARY MAPS

into my room and come into my life," but even that Puran has books and sits waiting for the day when Puran will say, "Come

He has known nothing, for he has wanted to know nothing. And it is to such a half-man, a rootless weed, that the messenger from old earth comes to impart some intolerable warning message. What will Puran do?

Today, at the crack of dawn, Bikhia comes with a jubilant face like an ancient hunter, with a freshly killed snake at the end of his stick. He looks at Puran and goes straight through pushing the grass barrier.

Puran waits standing.

Bikhia comes out after a long time. His mime is on stones of the hillside washed by the morning light, against the backdrop of

ples, he rolls his head, his two arms come down, immobile. He Now both his arms are wings, his body folds in two and crumlooks at Puran with questioning eyes.

Puran shakes his head.

- I don't know, Bikhia, what he'll eat, how live, what he wants.

Bikhia sighs and lowers his head, his body folds and crumples and trembles violently. - Don't cry, Bikhia. Keep looking after him. And listen, I don't know where there are caves in these hills, you will lead me today. A most secret cave, where no one will ever go.

Puran strokes his body and head. Is anything communicated? Puran will have to leave Pirtha with so many things unknown.

He says in a deeply tender, soft voice, "Where is the time, Bikhia? We'll have to get a place nobody knows but you and I."

Bikhia gets up, leans his head in assent. Then he starts moving, as if he too is suddenly millions of years old. He can't carry on, he is weary, full of fatigue. So he drags his feet as he walks.

Puran goes into the room and lies down, closes his eyes. Strange, they are no longer beating the drums.

What have they come to know, what news?

Puran writes the famine report in his mind.

In the morning Puran had seen a lot of acacia flowers, a lot of invisible with flower and fruit. There was also a handful of rice, acacia leaves in front of the engraved stone, the stone almost some earth in a clay pot, a torn piece of cloth and the place for

puts everything into the offering. Take leaves and flowers, there is no forest. Take rice, there is no beast or fowl for sacrifice, take a that little space, because around our existence an invisible line is the wall. Whoever came, touched the stone and put their hands of soil. The soul of the ancestors came driven by distress and now everything has been invaded and devastated by the present—now he will return against the current of time. There will again be an impenetrable, profound and unrelieved darkness—and so Bikhia to the forehead. Each left some acacia flowers, leaves, a handful Bikhia must go in search of a cave, for the guest's hour of deparhandful of soil, we hold no ground anymore. Take a bit of torn cloth, there is no coarse cloth loomed at home-I have marked off he offerings marked off with a line. Bikhia stood leaning against ture is approaching, he cannot stay anywhere here any more coming ever closer, we are terrified, there is no escape.

There is no escape, we were torn apart so long ago, in fragments in atoms, we are scattered everywhere. Does Bikhia tell this in his offering?

Nothing can be known or grasped. Puran says softly, "Now we must go, I'll be back in a minute."

value for him), that was only his at first, must now be taken in equal share with this outsider, this has hurt him. But this too is now an immutable directive from past generations, that on the soul is a fact, the scientific definition of the pterodactyl is without last flight of the ancestors' soul the outsider is the last resort. So Bikhia looks with pained eyes. His eyes are quite impenetrable now. A precious, incredible mystery (for Bikhia the ancestral he can't ignore Puran's words.

spent evaluated from the perspective of Pirtha. In fact Pirtha has strict sense be over for him. The rest of his life will have to be many hundred homeless, such complicated ratios. No ratio has Puran waits a minute. Soon the Pirtha chapter will in the ally extremely precious in India, more precious than the koh-inoor, and no one has the right to waste them or destroy them at nedicine in time of disease. One person eats well by keeping five ever been calculated from the position of people like Bikhia. The kicked this much sense into him, that water, bread, rice, are actuwill. As precious is a roof overhead, a cloth on one's body, a-b-c-d, hundred starving, one person graduates college while six hundred emain illiterate, and one person buys an apartment keeping how position from which computer, information ministry, and media

that effort Independence has grown to be forty years old. culate the ratio from the position of people like Bikhia. Without on the way to becoming the biggest power in the Third World cells of the brain and makes a body brush his teeth with Forhan's son is unwilling to think. This system considers original thought an systems. And it is by the will of this system that the educated perduty is to change the name of the state. The system wants, and "exterminable threat." This system forcibly occupies the thinking see the situation depends on the will of the current social and state people "dance like wooden dolls." But the first obligation is to caltoothpaste. Sometimes makes him or her say that India is proudly Again sometimes it makes one crazy with the idea that the first

uation will be polluted if anyone knows. covery, for to you he is your ancestors' soul. The purity of the sit-Bikhia, you don't want anyone to know of our dreadful dis-

That invasion will be inevitable. who can tell, all the countries of the world will conduct investigaand the soul's warning message, the terrifying news of the triba media of the inquisitive world. You will be shown on television ery, because if we let them know there will be an invasion of the to see where the prehistoric time and creature are still hidden tions out of Pirtha everywhere, into the last forest, the last cave, being of Pirtha, will all lose their perspective, by many analyses the rodent and the rhododendron will be proven the same. And Bikhia, I don't want anyone to know of our dreadful discov

You are endangered, and so am I. Like that song,

Alas! Alas! The land is going Alas! Alas! Dust storm has come

Alas! Alas! Our country is going

Alas! Alas! Land-country-people is going to dust, to dust!

make a plowing-field? Alast Alast How shall we catch dust-motes from the air and

To build the lost land?

We are distressed in that way.

But finally Puran says nothing. They are bilingual and speak

Puran too speaks Hindi

Not just here, but from district to district of Bihar Puran has had But Puran's Hindi and theirs come from two different worlds

pterodactyl, puran sahay, and pirtha 🧩 163

gave a spirited speech in fiery language the same experience. After the shooting at Gua a political leader

Having heard it all Roto Sumrai said, "Explain what he said

a true lover of the poor or a believer in the change needed in this or a fake party man with an "I am for the poor" type slogan, or yet meeting-point. Language too is class-divided. Whether exploiter, to do, Maharaj?" Ramabatar called everyone "Maharaj [O.Kingl]" Ramabatar from Nalanda would say, "Such is the situation. What Gujarati and other languages move on parallel lines with their rotten social system yet "no party man," their Hindi-Bengalitongues. The problem is so big and permanent that the peasant A class-divided society goes on parallel lines. There is no

Puran sighs.

I'll be back, Bikhia

science has come to know that he will be defeated if he gives bat finally be beaten. Puran realizes that an honest officer with a con repressed bitter mockery in the knowledge that all goodwill will and reckless. The SDO remains as before, calm, harsh with confines. He is younger than Harisharan, yet he is old in wisdom out climbing on a railway train. He is a bit older now, but he's still had once said, "Let's do it on foot," and walked to Bodhgaya with Harisharan is older, but he can still get reckless. As a student he le, but has decided to enter the battlefield within administrative Harisharan is most melancholy, and at the same time excited

- Pirtha is now a battle of honor.
- Hush, we don't want Kausalji's men to know anything
- Kausalji has power, let him get work done if he can.
- when the government is there? ment will say why should a non-government organization work TTDP [Indian Tribal Development Program] area. Govern-
- But government is doing nothing.
- You and I are doing nothing.
- Will this state of affairs continue in Pirtha Block, in this
- Let him try, and let us try our best

Who will give better than government quota land to a tribal? And How? There is no land, what land there is is full of stones. where is land like that here?

- They will not go elsewhere.
- And they are all in debt at compound interest.
- Yes. The moneylenders are in Bhalpura, in Rajaura.
 - Think about it calmly, please.
 - About what?
- The current food problem.
- The magistrate will not say this is a chronic famine area We must give battle on this issue.
 - Fight the famine on war footing?
 - Such is the case.
- Fight the famine on war footing.

Pradesh is in the "perpetual famine" zone of extreme backward The primary gross truth, nobody will allow you to say that an atom of the green revolutionary area of the State of Madhya tribals. Warl War in sky-soil-water. Food will rot because of insuficient storage facilities at the Food Corporation, but it will still farms are given at SAARC conferences, let them be given, give of the villages, of the forest-settlements of North Bengal for the never reach, never does reach Pirtha, Kalahandi or Koraput. Food goes to Africa, to Sri Lanka, promises of building collective crop everyone everything since you overproduce greatly in food crop production, but why not, at the same time, give to the district of Kalahandi and to the micro-region of Pirtha, why count the heads census, to identify "Scheduled Tribe constituencies" and why not bring them within the panchayat system or the purview of the ITDP and when it comes to the responsibility for drinking water to roads for movement, education, health, employment, why wash your hands of them and say "They are under the Forest Departexploits them as "permanent casuals," gives them nothing, ever. demarcate a constituency), and for them also you do not fulfill the minimum human claims from a to z, you say, "The tea-garden ment," when the Forest Department keeps them as slave labor, By the same policy you keep the tribals of the North Bengal Dooars as outcastes, who are counted (the figure is needed to owners will look after them," and the garden-owner passes eightythree paise per head for the garden's coolies in 1987, when "the century's sun is in the Western sky and its shadow is long,"—and

Jears ago are not listed as "tribals" but as "castes." (These facts ist of tribals census after census, and in the Assam, Dooars and the plains, the Santal-Oraon-Mundas brought a hundred and fifty Nagesia tribals from Ranchi and Palamu are not included in the and profitable role of the spectator. When the names of the anonymous fake owners and the wily government takes the safe only tribal-directed tea garden cooperative is swallowed up by multi-millionaire, let the coolies be in the debit column; when the nent upsets the owners, let the owner of the tea-garden be a he garden-owner can show this impudence because no governwould have remained unknown if Puran had not read books.)

on a war footing in the case of the tribals dead, half-dead, dying This is reality, these are facts. Who will save them by fighting bit by bit, of sheer starvation?

SDO says, "Do everything."

wells, trees, goats, hens, give a check dam at the mouth of the Make an attempt. I have written, there are famine conditions in Raising his face to the sky he wipes his throat and says, "Give Pirtha, put them to Block work and give them minimum wage. Pirtha, not drought. I don't know what will happen after that. But you'll have to keep at it."

be transferred. If they do nothing, then they will stay put and if hey dig one well they'll be transferred. Better not to do anything." Later Shankar told Puran, "The SDO sir, the Block sir, will all

- Why, Shankar, why?

— They will not be able to change things for the better.

Pirtha, simply said, "This is a department matter" and made the proposed double dam useless by tying a gordian knot around it And these words later came true when the Irrigation Department, without actually opposing the building of a dam at with red tape.

First the SDO and then Harisharan were quickly transferred on the charge of "inventing famine where there is no famine."

All that happened later, much later.

because of living in the hills, yet they did not leave the hills to Shankar a thorough scolding about "getting food, remaining alive, Later even Kausalji gave up hope, because Shankar and his people did not get down into the distant plains, 'did not live in colonies, because "there were no hills there." All this distress is descend, they did not abandon Pirtha, and when Harisharan gave getting education," Shankar consoled him, saying, "Don't be so

What can you do? There is no good soil in the plains below!" think so much for Pirtha, you are a good man. You feel pain us to eat seeds of the acacia fruit, and look also! Not so many are are enough Khajra trees for so few, and it is you who have taught concerned, sir. We are dying, our numbers are decreasing. There being born, and even when they are born they are sold. Don't

Harisharan wept at this.

At least a year and nine months later. It was Harisharan who later wrote this to Puran from Indore.

take effect today." Now Harisharan says, "Kausalji's master-plan is not going to

- only one verdict, "It's not famine, it's drought." Now that you've even drought." See what a problem it is for us. brought rain, the verdict might become "It has rained, so it's not bring administrative problems as well. The people upstairs have Journalist! You stay here. Pirtha needs rain. Of course the rains Do your own stuff without thinking of that. Oh hello Mi
- I didn't bring rain.
- I hear that's what the tribals are saying.
- What else are they saying?
- I hear they're saying that the rainmaker must not leave
- There would have been rain anyway.

have to pay expenses, ten kilos of clarified butter et cetera.' guaranteeing rain as a consequence but the Block government will a miracle, I have nothing in my bag. Only yesterday someone said in Rajaura, A sage is ready to do a fire service in Rajaura and is Harisharan says, "Man, let them have their miracle. They want

The SDO says, "So bring him."

gious service, no one will have a service performed." because of these crooks. If someone brings rain without a relithe holy man's tout said, "The real religious people are beaten Sir, I said that my friend brought rain without expense. So

SDO says, "What's up with Bikhia?"

very friendly with Puran." Harisharan says, "He's kept his mouth shut, but I hear he's

- Are you in mourning too, reporter?
- Mourning, why?
- of treachery. Hang on here. lungi-sarong are dangerous. If you leave after this it will be an act Unshaven face, dried out hair, bare feet, and wearing a
- I stay showing false passion, and then to leave because I

distress would be even greater treachery couldn't bear to eat Khajra tubers and live with the drought and

- raise hopes in the tribal's mind, for it is hard to keep a promise in The reporter is smart, Harisharanji! He knows one mustn't
- Not hard if you admit to it beforehand
- ence in other tribal areas. But he had worked mostly in the an M.A. in Anthropology, got a job in Dandakaranya. Very honest, most hard-working, interested in education, and with experi-Himalayas where people cover their body. I was young then. A friend of my father's, an, "uncle" with
- Why is dress important?
- the waist. Since he read a lot, he had known that women of that stand, where women did not cover their chests, only down from devout and practicing brahman. Since he couldn't keep to every karanya. He came from a conservative family, and was himself a saw it himself, he could not take it. He left after three months returned home. Now he went to an area this time, you underrestriction when he was on tour, he would do penance when he and butter. Otherwise why should my mind react this way?" women. I realize that the 'nakedness' is a pure and innocen resigned his job. He wrote the Department, "They; are simple and particular tribal community dressed in that manner. But once he pure, or innocent that I will accept this 'nakedness' as my breac thing, but I also realize that I am myself not so civilized, simple innocent. But I am greatly inconvenienced at the sight of thei What's the matter Kausalji? There is a reason, believe me. Then he went to Danda-
- Come, they are going to take a video picture
- No no, you are enough.

SDO says, "What is this?"

saying something, Shankar goes forward Suddenly there is a slight disturbance there. Dimag's wife is

- Let's go and listen.
- Don't take a fillim sir.
- they know? Look here, if we don't inform people about you, how will
- Don't take, sir.
- The SDO says, "Go. This is your affair. How strange! Harisharanji! This way ...

Harisharan goes forward.

- What's up, Motia's Ma?

Dimag's wife flares up, "Why are you calling me Motia's Ma? Where is Motia? Take a fillim again, people will come again, they'll know famine is going on, again tur-rucks will come. They'll take all the children away.

Kausalji is angry, he's angry, and it is now evident that he can wants to inform those who misunderstand his goodwill that, if his decide if there is a famine or not. He has come and is doing work to save the deprived. But famine or drought, or the matter of administrative failure or negligence and Kausalji's role and human suffering, all this should be captured in a documentary. Public opinion will be shaped, and relief help will come, in fact there are people and organizations in other countries of the world who think of the hungry humans of the Third World. A lot of pictures This is true that the tale of Pirtha does not come into the map of Kalahandi even, forget Nicaragua (a little regret resonates in abroad), but this must be documented. And it is here that he are taken to form international public opinion about Nicaragua. Kausalji's voice, practiced in giving speeches at home and wishes come true, then he will take the distressed of Pirtha from stony hill to the green of the plains, there they will have rooms fit raise camp from here at any point in time. OK, let the governmen his training for women, school for children and adults, health care, they'll live like humans. They need this video image as they need food for their aid. No child-buyer will see this, but only those who need to see it. Government people have become very to live in, drinking and irrigation water, agricultural aid and land, selfish, and people in the West have become self-indulgent.

The SDO says softly, "Here is the power of money-rupee, West Germany's mark, kroner-dollar-franc-pound. What do you say, Harisharanji?"

Shankar looks at the Sarpanch. Will the Sarpanch say something? But the Sarpanch is confused and silent.

Harisharan in experienced wisdom, I know, Sarkar. Everything finally becomes a deal, even giving food to the hungry. At this moment we're eating his food, in exchange he wants to capture us you make me say that we are surrendering? His eyes say to Shankar looks at Harisharan. Sirl Sarkarl It's you brought these people, now will you too remain at a safe distance? Or will in film. His dictionary cannot include the self-respect of the hungry.

soul is displeased with us. Our faith is hurt if you take pictures of He raises his hand. Says dryly, "Motia's mother could not make you understand. We are now in mourning. Our ancestors'

- It's not a question of faith.
- more, there is nothing we can do. If the government looked after I know. Take pictures. Motia's mother! Don't obstruct anythe tribals, then how today ...

Now the pictures are taken. The women cover their faces with the torn ends of their cloth. The men turn their faces away. The scene of an old woman holding a skeleton baby in arms taking entil-rice in her bowl, is captured very well and when the tape recorder is held close you can catch the rattle in the old woman's throat and her mumble as well as the child's chirping wail.

— The next show in Geneva.

SDO shakes his head. Harisharan murmurs.

domestic money. In fact, because this dirty wash would have - Come back to the initial argument. The government has failed in eradicating poverty. It's giving a lot of money to voluneary organizations, and it's a fact that behind most active, successful organizations there is foreign money coexisting with been brought out again ... reporter?

— I'll tell you later.

reaches the real recipient. This ocean of money that flows for the nandful of lawyers or doctors, or they go into the humanities particle physicists have been produced in forty years? Who gets the jobs of that type that are set aside for them? They go a few in a million into higher education, it's enough if there should be a What's there to say about this. Foreign money infiltrating by way of voluntary organizations in the name of welfare, is that unknown to the central government or at the state level? They have to accept this, because in spite of their hundreds of thousands of projects and tens of millions of rupees and a few hundred thousand government employees and Panchayats nothing removal of poverty among the tribals and the other deprived of destitute India. So many job quotas are another hoax, for how many tribal PR officers, computer scientists, oceanographers, and stream, not science or business, and even that a few in a million. All the states and the Center are pushing away poverty, and yet groups does not show up in the tribal and non-tribal demograph

are building a happy family because we have only one child? graph of destitute India. The amount of milk reflects the cow's accepted reality. Since these are the facts, the SDO's purism is comes out. Apart from the organizations nourished by foreign a pathological analysis of the sample is made foreign money qualified tribal applicants." When this is the entire film seria according to the work that they can do. Teaching jobs in com the healthy, happy, smiling tribal peasant couple? Who says, We Center gives the state and the state sends for the tribal Block in ods are being applied in agriculture, but the money that the unrealistic. All the power is in the hands of the government, and a money there are too few voluntary organizations that can do any for everyone, so everyone gets those jobs. "Because there are no are reserved for tribals; and Bengali, English, History kept open poverty is and will be on the rise. They don't even get called tence of starvation. In the government documentaries, who acts Pirtha, is not reflected at all in this area condemned to a life sen intake, a richer harvest reflects the fact that more advanced meth huge amount of money spent is not reflected at all in the demo thing for the poor. The Center and the state governments have then the voluntary organizations have to be acknowledged and i merce, the sciences, geography, political science, and economics

Puran says, "I'm off."

SDO asks, "Won't you write about Bikhia's picture?"

- No. That's their own affair.
- You're a journalist, weren't you intrigued
- It's the soul of their ancestors, not mine
- And this famine?
- heartlessness of the tribal welfare department from state to district Possibly the first culprit is the fundamental failure or
- That's all?
- it? How much more relieved you'd have been if they weren't here. ments for extinction they are not extinct, don't they have to pay for They are themselves guilty as well. With all these arrange

Harisharan says, "Don't lose this bite in your report."

- jaws. How can there be no bite? It'll be there. On the survey map too Pirtha is between two
- You too are mad at Kausalji's film.
- film. So much relief, so much preparation, and no bite? Don't be daft. What right have I? It's he who's taking the

They are again curling up inside. This is the real problem. We are living together, we talk, but they never trust us. Man! Don't you look at Shankar's eyes, all their eyes?

This is a subject to be debated, discussed

speaks, it's quite clear that he is blaming the failure of the governtion, and then do you notice Kausalji's words? From the way he is real, the relief camp has held their inevitable death at bay for a ward, most barbaric, and if they leave all this they can start new enjoy things, by this you're expecting too much. bit, this too is real. But hence they must be grateful, they must lives in his projected colony, this too he explains. Their starvation and that the tribals know nothing, everything about them is backment, explaining that his Kausal-method is much more effective, Harisharan! Don't be childish. We already have this situa-

You're back where you began, friend. But it's as if you

have really understood them?

SDO asks, "Are you eating all right?" I'm living in a dead woman's house, I too am in mourning

say, Pirtha is the place where reporters go mad." case. Listen man, don't go crazy in a different way. Everyone will Harisharan says, "This is not Surajpratap, but the reverse

my way. I must make some notes to write my report, mustn't I?" Puran smiles a bit at the words of both and says, "I'll be on

make a picnic spot out of the spring-fed pool and hillside of Pirtha." SDO says, "Write this too in your notes, that Kausalji wants to Harisharan shakes his head repeatedly.

matter is most complex, I suppose?" ects have been blueprinted or implemented in this ITDP area. The Puran says, "I also need to know your views on why no proj-

Do come by. I'll tell you everything.

a sample of tribal India. Incredible." Puran looks around, and says, "In the Pirtha package, you get

Puran leaves.

SDO says, "Do you think he'll hang on?"

Harisharan says, "Oh no."

Now the Sarpanch comes forward. Excited

— What's the matter?

ments there? There's famine in those areas as well. Pungarh as well. Please give the order. Won't there be encamp-Sarkar, we must pitch camp in Derha, Sangatoli, Madhola

SDO says, "Sure thing. Definitely. From the Block Office. What's Madhola *Block* doing?"

The BDO has not been there for three years, Sarkar-sir! And the Sarpanch is in hospital.

— Even so.

from the South? Take some material with you when you go. There Harisharan says, "Why don't you go on tour with the SDO

Yes, Kausalji's organization is there as well.

It's admirable that his organization works in many places in the district.

The SDO sighs.

- Why shouldn't there be, sir? The entire state of Madhya His family owned land all over the district. Madhola was in his Pradesh was under kings and nawabs of various degrees of power. taluka-fief. Wherever he had talukas, he has . .

I don't know all this.

- Wherever there were kings and chiefs ... Yes, Sarpanch, something will be done.

— My daughter lives in Madhola. My son-in-law has sent her They say, We'll take kodo seeds and maize from those who have back here. The Janayuba [People's Youth] Group boys are here. some, and will give it out to everyone.

- Where is their leader Madhu Singh?

- In Bhopal. There'll be trouble with all this, Sarkar-sir.

- No, what's the trouble? They don't plunder, they are nonviolent, they do purification-penance, and they distribute leaflets.

Harisharan says, "No, let's come to a decision."

— Harisharanjil The more it's known the more problems we'll face. Think upon it. Do whatever you can within these conditions.

Kausalji says, "Wherever the suffering people are, there we are too. Try to understand that. Cooperate with us."

— Isn't your organization working there?

Other work, but they'll do relief work as well. But that's Give me the chance, I'll show you work. My workers are different. They have not come for a job like the government employees. The government and the contractors are eating the money that is the not the solution of the problem. We need a permanent solution. ribals' right.

Kausalji looks at them as he says this. It's his brother's contracting firm that gets the government contracts in Madhopura.

nim in check. But now everything will be passed. He holds much His anger is due to the fact that Harisharan and the SDO kept more power than they do.

— We'll bring clothes tomorrow.

After he leaves, Harisharan says, "We will start well digging, and some goats and hens ..

Whatever you do, double quick.

- What do we tell Puran?

Tell him the truth. Journalist people understand. They will want the truth.

Puran too has changed so in these few days.

— It happens, suddenly this sort of thing happens. Bye.

He turns around as he goes and says, "I too must make notes to defend my end. It can't be that I came to know after a journalist from Bihar informed me."

— Yes sir. But Madhola—

- Yes. Let him go! They are not in mourning there.

The Sarpanch says in troubled surprise, "Why do you think so, Sarkar? Everybody near here, tribal areas, tribal settlements know about this and are in mourning."

But they saw nothing.

So what? How do I explain ...

us now. Mahi and Diman and Lurhi are calling. You have not put Shankar comes forward, "Stop explaining, Sarpanchjil Leave their names on the list yet. Greetings, Sarkar!"

Shankar does not stop walking. SDO looks at Harisharan.

You have to take it all.

— Yes, sir.

between and below two hills (the hills are low here, they can be called cliffs). Their land is on the gravelly flats. Divided by cactus fences. There's land here, land by the Pirtha ditch, land in little Shankar stops in a bit. Steps down and off the track. Harisharan knows what there is. On the slope of the hillside, lots, perhaps no one has a full acre.

- What do you see, Shankar?

Sarkar?

What are you looking at?

Shankar says, "Land,"

— Let's see what happens if it gets irrigation. It's never been irrigated after all. If there are field-wells in the land itself

"Yes, Sarkar."

eyes that he has entered some cave again. The video filming has Shankar shakes his head. Goes forward. You can see from his

government does for them." says, "Tribals are ungrateful and do not realize how much the become the elusive quarry of fable for him. The magistrate often attendance at this time. For Kausalji. Although his worry for Puran nags at him and he is pained that Shankar has again Harisharan moves toward the camp. He must be in constant

is giving such paper. Pasted on grass frames such paper will keep Government proclamations serve the poor in this way alone. out the wind. The women say they can lay their babies down on it sized. The crowd has opined that it is a help that the governmen nearest Leprosy Hospital." The paper is good, the posters large claiming that "Leprosy can be cured if caught in time. Go to the You can sift the relief food grains on it. It is useful in many ways Harisharan had brought for the Sarpanch today posters pro-

communalism all over India, and when Shankar and his other person who had nothing to eat today take to stop separatism and ple are keeping the peace and quiet of the country unbroken in doctor or healer is the resort in sickness. They do know how to pitall There are no hospitals near here. The Sarpanch or a village had threatened law and order in the Block? And Leprosy Hoshis timel) chanting "Sarkarl Give us seeds, seeds, to eat," they tribals had surrounded Rajaura Block office (by sheer luck not in the process of becoming extinct, how much responsibility can a use these posters. Harisharan thinks, Who will do family-planning? These peo-

O Sarpanchjil Give the reporter some posters

with soap every day. unbelievable! He used to wash his gamchha, vest, and sarong Puran is lying on the ground on a mat, eating maize powder,

tressed urgency. A flashlight in Puran's hand, a staff in Bikhia's. Puran and Bikhia went looking for a cave in the same dis-

upstream along the ditch gives you the sense that Pirtha hill is no acacia trees all around. The water was green in places, in places transparent with sun. Stones slipping with moss in the bottom, the water comes up to your waist. Crossing the pool, walking The water of Pirtha pool was shadowed by its banks, by the

> narrow and confined. It has spread its domain over a good area The roots of the tall grass in the cracks of the stone are tough.

and there were countless waterfalls. slopes and peaks of the Western Ghats, food for the local poor, after the rains there were sweet and bitter-sweet fruit trees on the Puran has seen just such grass in the Western Ghats. Though

ent, hard and harsh. There are no wild fruit trees, no trees of and signals to Puran, Come up the same way. bit Bikhia grasps at the hanging grass and enters a cave mouth unscented white flowers as in the Western Ghats. After walking a Here the hill looks primeval, the spread of the land is differ-

Drums seem to beat in his chest, his heart lashes so in excitement. Puran ties his gamchha around his waist and climbs up. He flashes his light, moves up watchfully with Bikhia and

suddenly gets some sun as he enters a well-proportioned cave-The sun comes in at one side through the crevice above. Puran shines his flashlight where Bikhia points. Drums beat

men and women, drum, flute, the khoksar to keep the beat? from the smooth stone, one hears the clamor of the dance. Peacock, elephant, deer, bird, snake, naked child, tree, Khajra With great care and over time, who has engraved dancing

small, the trees large again. Who carved these pictures, filling the tree, bow and arrow, spear. cave wall for how long? The human beings are larger than life, the animals and birds

prey? When the forest was mother and nurse? were free, and the animal kingdom was their dominion, beasts of Do these pictures date from the time when Bikhia's people

You drew too?

chou wood at one time. To what period do these pictures belong? are ornamented, apparently they used to wear ornaments of cata-Bikhia doesn't answer. The men wear earrings. The women

that past life? Or is it that Bikhia and his people carve pictures to capture No, Puran will take no photographs. He will not defile any-

thing sacred, he feels no such urge.

Bikhia presses his hand, his eyes say, Let's go.

light. Bikhia strikes the floor with his staff as he walks. The Pirtha them and its floor is slippery, walk carefully shining your flashdown, turn, enter a dark cave again. The sound of water above Now go down through a roofless tunnel, down, down, go

is flowing along the upper cave. The thundering sound of its fall up ahead fills the cave.

Then a narrow path. They are descending further. Then Bikhia stops him.

The sun falls through a crevice above. In front a cavern. The lashlight does not hit bottom, the lowered stick strikes no floor.

Bikhia and Þuran wait. Yes, a dark cavern in front. Perhaps it ng from all sides, will eat the past whole. Yet there may be a priceless truth worthy of being guarded in secret, that you cannot et anyone know, give it to me, I am that ageless, timeless darkgoes down to the hill base. As if the dark waits with its skirts forever spread. Give me, give me what you must keep secret, I will ness of time, when the earth was under water, there was no light anywhere, darkness was everywhere and the creator was in thought, how to create the earth and the living world. I am waiting guard it with care. Now I have no mysterious secret of my own. un when it's sutrounded by a net fence? The present, encroach-Whatever is mine has been invaded. Where will the wild animal since then, I keep everything in my lap, nothing is lost.

Bikhia drops down a little stone.

The sound of the fall reaches them in a few seconds. Bikhia, this is good. No one will know.

No one will know.

Bikhia lowers his head.

- The picture you carved ... plant Khajra trees all around it remain. How many pictures have survived in this cave. No one .. surround it with stones ... it will slowly be covered, yet it will nas seen them, they have remained.

memory has to say. But from what an old Santal spoke of the Now they turn back. This hill was perhaps a fortress for them once. There are other caves. Did they think of houses on the hill as safe in the face of some invasion? Did they already understand, seeing the worship rituals and rites of other nations infiltrated into their forest dwellings, that an invasion of their ethnic oeing, their ritual, their faith and folkways was being ushered in? come again and again to determine their punishment? We never found out what the narrative tradition captured in their folk Santali language), we know that the ancestors said that at the is that why they spoilt their rituals? Fled into the forest? Will ancestors a hundred and sixteen years ago (Roman script, Raghupati Raghava—King Rama of Gandhi's famous song—

time of King Rama all the aboriginals went with him to Lanka and fought to defeat King Ravana.

Too little can be known, we have destroyed a continent that we kept unknown and undiscovered. The tribal wants human

ecognition, respect, because he or she is the child of an ancient civilization. In what a death farce we are enthralled as we turn hem into beggars, who are nowhere implicated in Indian educaion, development, science, industry, agriculture, technology. They emain spectators. India marches toward the twenty-first century.

slowly decrease and Madhya Pradesh will suffer the consewhere that if the desert in Rajasthan is made green the rains will ng on to the tufts of grass Puran realizes what an impossible (for nim) thing he has done. Now they walk along Pirtha's breast and bathe in the pool. Black clouds pass overhead and the water suddenly looks black. Perhaps it'll rain again. But even if it rains, Puran hasn't brought that water. And, he has in fact read some-They go back the way they came. And as he drops down hold quences first.

They come up after their bathe. Puran says without looking at Bikhia, "Sleep during the day. Come in the night." Bikhia leaves without response.

Today Shankar comes to his room.

- What Sarkar, eating parched maize-powder?
 - I am Sarkar too?
- No, just "Babu"-gentleman.

He is silent for a while and then says, You have traveled a lot. Is there no forest or hill that no one knows about?

- I haven't seen anywhere. And ... Shankar ... will your people live if they cling to their mountain?
 - Where should we go to stay alive?

Puran shakes his head.

— Your Sarkars are saying ...

— Yes, they're saying ...

If there's a solution to the water trouble.

Shankar gives a little smile.

— Then all would have been well, Babu. Have you eaten anything?

say who made us hungry, naked, and poor. We don't beg, don't naked poor. That will be known on the fillims. But the fillim won't want to beg, will people understand this from those pictures? Relief. Take relief, let 'em make fillims. We are hungry,

Everybody took pictures, what did you take?

- you dug a well in the direction of the river, wouldn't you? Of the camp's tents. Kausalji's. Tell me, you'd get water if
- If we dig wells.
- Won't your mourning end?

and bathe. We will shave our heads and faces, cut our nails, and there is to know, and we know when we saw him." come out of mourning. It was he who saw...he knows what above everyone. He will give everyone oil, then we'll oil our body Shankar says in immaculate conviction, "Now Bikhia is

- What'll happen to him now?
- perform the ritual, he will not be free in this life. And that stone How can there be a move away from Pirtha, tell me that? He is bound now, Babu, he'll keep the stone unsullied

has given them nothing? No one holds that right their not leaving. Perhaps Pirtha was their last shelter, or theii their understanding an unwritten history, when the present time How can one rob a people of the supernatural, of myth, what is ir nation is necessary for their nearly extinct sense of ethnic being tablet. A myth to bind the past to the present. Perhaps this expla domain, their past. And now it is precisely there that one finds the and river, now the stone tablet has become another reason for They would on no account have left the shelter of Pirtha hil

- Yes, Shankar!
- Tell this to the Block Sarkar
- You can say it too.
- be hurt. I don't know if you will understand my words. He won't No, Babul He's a good man, he won't understand, he'll
- Who is in your family, Shankar?
- one they became stones. We bury the ash and raise a stone. I've heard that we buried the bodies in the old days. Me? Everyone. Wife and daughter and mother. One by
- And now
- No Babul There is always famine. My son is with my sis-

dung cakes for fuel. It's been years, the moneylender does not He grazes the moneylender's cow, cleans the cowshed, makes cow Shankar says in surprise, "How? I'm in debt for thirty rupees

> away the boss can do nothing. That would be wrong of me, Babu says that "Hali" bonded labor is illegal now. That if the boy comes keep accounts. If he did the Sarkar would get the boy out. Sarkar I had taken money after all. He returns home at evening.

- Does your brother-in-law work?
- Both of them ... whatever they can get
- Whatever I can get. I'll get the boy out.
- Won't you send him to school?

Class Six, and the Tribal Officer and the Sarpanch had said I'd Where will he read? And also, why should he read? I read up to get a job. I'm off, Babu. You came and only suffered, come in the wintertime.' Shankar says with profound affection, "I'll bring him home

- There'll be no famine then?
- month and a half. Otherwise the famine goes on. Good-bye Babu ing of the harvest. Birds come to the Babla forest. For a month marwa from the field that dropped out of the bales at the gather Then we get work on the boss's land. We bring paddy and

ment] listen if you write about famine? If you write everything? He says with a sigh, Will the Big Sarkar [the central govern

- I will of course try
- You too will leave.
- Yes, I must go.
- stayed on here. I've heard he died of old age. water shouldn't leave. Someone brought water then too. And he But the old folks used to say that the person who brings

Shankar gets up.

As long as there's Kausalji. And then?

as well as the Sarpanch's big brick and cement well. It is the tage. But the well was dug because the water level was somewhat talk at the time of the digging of the well, that he's taking advan-Sarpanch who gives water in times of drought. In Gabahi the today, clouds are piling up. Let it rain again, let the earth wells fill very well, although he also bathes his water buffaloes. Let that Panchayat's big well is right in front of his house. There was much accessible precisely there. The Sarpanch gives water from that Puran and Bikhia sat at the shrine-mouth. There are clouds

Moreover, the water of the wells for the tribals of Derha, Sangatoli, Madhola, and Pungarb is bitter, foul-tasting. That water well fill also, Pirtha, Gabahi, Dholki, all the villages are thirsty. has some taste in the rainy season. Let the rains fall

Bikhia's eyes are unblinking in his face pinched with lack of food and with mourning. Puran no longer wants to know where Bikhia saw it to draw it. Pirtha has taught him that, even if you are a reporter, you must not ask all the questions all the time.

Bikhia is witnessing that their ancestors' soul embodied itself and flew in one day, and now it's leaving its form and returning. If grounds in the extinct settlement, lying underneath the bridges and paths, the new settlements and fields of grain, that our descendants are disappearing? Their existence is freshly endangered. To survive they must mingle in the mainstream, where their nic being will no longer be distinct. Yet there is no liberation for and and their soil have turned to dust and blown away in the social position will be on the ground floor and their sense of ethhem if they hang on with their teeth to the hillside of Pirtha, their wind. Who can catch dust-motes from the wind and compose vilit were truly that? Would it have told all the tribals of the buriallage, forest, field? Bikhia's eyes are like the still flame of a lamp, re wants to see his fill of the noble death of this noble myth.

Puran is witnessing his own futility. Having seen history from beyond pre-history, continental drift, seasonal changes after much geological turbulence, the advent of the human race, priunder its wing this entire history and the current planetary arms sharply urgent news. Puran, a modern man, could not read the message in its eyes. Nothing could be known, can be known. One has to leave finally without knowing many things one should definitely have known. Seeing that Puran had understood nothing its the present age, two World Wars, Hiroshima-Nagasaki, holding race and the terror of nuclear holocaust, it came to give some eyes were closed since yesterday. The body seemed slowly to sink down, a body crumbling on its four feet, the head on the floor, in trembles and trembles, and suddenly the wings open, and they go saying something in a soundless mumble, moving his lips. He mordial history, the history of the ancient lands, the Middle Ages, ront of their eyes the body suddenly begins to tremble steadily. It back in repose, this pain is intolerable to the eye. Bikhia goes on sways, he mumbles, sways forward and back.

About an hour later Puran says, "Gone.'

Bikhia is still, unmoving, immobile.

They sit, the two of them sit.

ually returns. As if he had gone to sea in a boat and has returned after crossing the ocean, he is on his way back, his body moves, he nad left Puran waiting. Puran is merely a spectator, he watched the ooat set afloat, he saw the return in the boat, a spectator watches An eternity passes. Bikhia has possibly gone to his ancestors, then, taking an eternity he traverses five thousand years and gradrom a distance after all, he doesn't have news of the water.

Then Bikhia lies prone to pay his respects. He gestures Puran to leave.

Puran goes outside and sits down.

Bikhia had brought a lot of stuff today, already before evening. He comes and takes a big basket woven of grass.

Much later he comes out with the basket covered in acacia leaves and grass. Now he keeps looking at the eastern sky. The sky slowly pales in the east.

Now Pirtha pool after descending the hill. Then past the pool upstream along the riverbed, turning again, in a strange devotion Bikhia holds on to the tufts of grass with one hand, clinging to the stones, holding on to the basket. Puran says softly, "Let me climb Bikhia keeps walking. Puran walks with staff and flashlight. and show the light."

Bikhia stopped once before the cave drawings. After that the way was more complicated. Some reptile moves away, some night bird calls outside.

Much later they reached the edge of that expectant darkness. Then the darkness opened its mouth.

They bathed at the crack of dawn.

and an effaced, impersonal, yawning nothingness came and filled Then Bikhia brought water and washed out the shrine room, the room. Then it starts raining. Bikhia raises his face to the sky and drinks. Counts on his fingers, looks at Puran.

Now his voice is as fresh and clean as the rain.

- Oil bath in five days.

Bikhia is like an ancient chief of the community, venerated by all.

Then you leave.

Bikhia shakes his head. I could go today too.

You will stay in that room for five days

__now Bikhia's eyes are bound to be distant. After all is said and done it is true that this outsider had to be let into what was inti a non-tribal, their stream of life is different from the mainstream was informing Puran of some even greater message, which Puran ments, even in the after-world, the only resource is to take shelter invaded even in the extinct burial-grounds of the vanished settle survive it took shelter with that very outsider, and then can the some icy ravine, or to pass an unknown and violent desert, and do not understand one another's language, were obliged to cross situation of war two people from separate worlds and lives, who involved in this incident, therefore you'll have to stay to the end did not understand. Bikhia's eyes spoke it. Because you are in the mainstream and therefore it came to Puran, not to Bikhia. It entire experience not be summarized as follows? That you are now mately their own, in fact their own dead ancestors' soul, but to like the Ganga and Pirtha ditch. Life has not been linked to life two different worlds. This is not just two classes going back to the end of the episode of danger they realized that they belong to has brought them together. Although their hands were clasped at then complete mutual help became necessary. A time of danger heavy phase is over each will return to the orbit of his life. the last few days. You remain you, and I remain me, and after this That does not mean that you will get from me the comradeship of their separate habitations. Two classes, and then a poor tribal and made them one but they were never really one. As it in a strange Now Bikhia's eyes explain that this strange situation had

He leans on his staff and looks at the sky again There is rain on Bikhia's body and on his matted tawny hair

- I am not your enemy, Bikhia
- I will tie the grass frame to the door
- I have not broken your trust.
- Now you won't even be able to cook in that room
- Aren't you understanding my words?
- What need, Babu?

No, there is no meeting-point with them. The ways are parallel Bikhia smiles, and moves off with his staff over his shoulder.

> so much to know them (before coming) as for Harisharan's sake having read many books and done a lot of homework. It was not from the distant past. Puran knows everything, he came to Pirtha Harisharan had written, Man, this much I pray you to do.

snake and leaves and appoint Puran the doorkeeper? Did he take was then at an unusual peak. Did he put head on Puran's feet, die est bears witness? Take him to the edge of that cavern which is the walls of stone, the drum plays, the dance takes place, and the forhe bring offerings of insects and flies and grain and moss and Puran, he has brought rain, and his communication with Bikhia Bikhia came to him. From the next day the settlement accepted dead ancestors' soul enters his very room, in this connection area, then Pirtha's unbearable suffering, then the rains, then their wait? Then, even at daybreak today the two of them were together. frontier of the earth, in whose belly primordial darkness lies in Puran to that astonishing cave where the hunt goes on on the Here, Bikhia's engraved picture, the "death-wish" of the entire

and will be alive. He too will have to accept it and stay. much. When he opened his mouth, it became evident, that even silent and mute, then his mime, his eyes, and his fingers said so silence, immediately Puran became superfluous. When he was that intimacy had been in fact a myth. What a pity, this myth is Now, as soon as Bikhia broke the fence of his self-imposed

mourning and a small funeral service? Roy or someone else who wrote that that is the day for the end of He strokes his own face. Oil bath in five days. Was it S. C.

Puran keeps climbing down.

Shankar looks at him. Today Bikhia is beating the drum without a break, endlessly.

What is in front of the stone tablet today?

Puran does not look that way.

Shankar says to him, "Come, have some tea at the Sarpanch's."

- Let it be
- Why?
- Let me remain in my room and write.
- All right, I'll walk with you.
- Come.

No terrible secret news waits now in the shrine room. Now all

Shankar does not even look at the shrine room.

The roof must be mended.

— Then? Shankar says in deep compassion, "Whatever Bikhia says. If anyone from Dahi's family comes, we'll raise a roof."

- Then? What will you do?
- What we used to. We've got water, we'll work the field. One thing is true, we must plant the Khajra that keeps us alive. If Baola keeps us alive, we must plant Baola. Otherwise everything will be desert, and we will have to leave.

Harisharan comes to his room today as well.

- Man! I've sanctioned six wells. You don't get continuous rain here, so we'll have to dig in batches.
 - Contractor?
- No, they'll dig themselves. Shankar will bring people, Sarpanch will give everyone ten rupees in cash and kodo maize. Shankar says they can do it themselves. And I know they can.
 - Perhaps so. If starvation is your regular diet, you can get to work on a few days' food.
 - Kausalji is leaving in a week.
 - He'd said he'd stay longer?
 - Doesn't look like it.
- Actually his grand scheme ...
- Forget it. And by the way! I hear they're going out of mourning. Oil bath in five days, and Bikhia is even speaking again.
 - I've heard.
- Report, or his words?
- Both.
- Bikhia now possesses secret powers. He knows when the mourning began, and when it will be over.
 - At least it's been proven that we don't know this.
 - Anyway, the wells are not mythic.
- What's on the other side of the river?
 - Forest Department land.
- Plant more trees there. Taking up the entire land and if you keep up cultivation of something or the other all year round, as long as the land is under cultivation, the Forest Department will not be able to evict them.
 - Man, I'll do everything. You just do ...
 - In five days.
- What's that! You too? This is a mistake, Puran. Even if you do the oil bath here you may be sure that they won't think of you as their own.

Puran's smile is tarnished with pain.

- I know it better than anyone else. Still, I came at mourning time, stayed with them these few days ... Think of it as a whim.
 - No proper food.
- Powdered gram seed, molasses, pickles, what else do I
- Shall I send lunch?
- Feed me in Rajaura.
- Man! Go back. Get married. Return to normal life.
- I'll do that.

keeping to any rules, you can defend yourself about this with a lot of theory in the English language, but it is actually fear, an escapist day life. I cannot believe that you are still grieving Archana's loss." Harisharan points his finger and says, "This not marrying, not outlook. You need courage to accept the responsibilities of every-

Harisharan moves off like a busy bear. He married for love and they are both very happy.

him that the government had put that in after Gua. No, let Puran called "kirincho bouhu bapla," his sumame is not "chonre," his the main role, his ancestors' soul does not become unquiet, he is hat stream), Puran saw a World Bank Mark 2 tubewell on the nill, Laru Jonko (a militant young woman from the Ho tribe) told be able to keep his faith in the pen. He is not a tribal. His naming ceremony is not called "napta," his marriage ceremony is not clan-totem is not the lizard, at his cremation women will not play of Serengsighati, the memorable site of the old Kol revolt, where he Ho tribe stores paddy and spends the night, for fear of elephants, on wood platforms on top of high trees, and there, after oathing in the trickling stream that had once been red with the plood of the insurgents and putting a stone in his pocket (how grave and noble those hills, those immense trees, how talkative killed, and by private report many more and after that even the unbending Singhbhum government, arrogant with caste and race oride, was obliged to move. Puran went to the impenetrable forest Puran returns to his room. Notebook, ballpoint pen, writing vad. Is the pen mightier than the sword? You had to "amplify this idea" in school. Let Puran believe that, even today, in the present social system, if the journalist's pen declares holy war then public opinion is formed and in some cases the government does some work. In Gua, by government report, eleven people had been not the prey of man-made famines every year.

and said, "The forest went, and we went too." decision, you don't exist), who had pointed at the vanishing forest Nagesia (Crook! There ain't no Nagesias in Bihar-the official broke under the yoke and who was thus newly named Crook expensive oxen from the June heat and whose shoulder blades whom his owner forced to pull a cart full of paddy to save his unshaken his faith in paper, pen, and the printing machine. Purar the bond slave Crook Nagesia of Kalabhori village in Palamu, has nothing else. If there is no pen there is no Puran. Puran is no How can he have faith in their faith? Puran must keep

The forest is not Puran's nurse.

For him the pen.

For people like Crook nothing but ancient tales held in

songs, sagas, folklore, folkways. How will fifty-nine million six that material. If he wrote his own story! anthropologist, he has to get that much education in order to read stream writers? If Nagesia has to learn from the writings of some central government? Will they too finally seek shelter from mainfrom the storm winds of areas ruled by twenty-five states and the people capture and put together their history and their culture hundred and twenty-eight thousand, six hundred and thirty-nine way, like motes in the face of a dust storm, ancient tales, history, But the old stories are also getting lost, they are losing their

Even educated tribals don't do that.

Puran picks up his pen

S

Dateline Pirtha

same. I have heard that the Sarpanch is not sufficiently active did not help much, for the problem lay deeper. The state governtake away for repayment of overdue debts, and pesticide. All this Block by this rule), fertilizer, which the Bhalpura moneylenders comes a lot after sowing time and which they eat. It comes to the well in Pirtha and then two elsewhere, seed for sowing (which Ayukta or Block Development Officer they first received an earth year and informs them. After Harisharanji became Prakhanda here. But the Sarpanch has said that he goes to the Block every Madhola-Pungarh and the other villages of the Block are the I think the problems of Pirtha-Dholki-Gabahi-Derha-Sangatoli

> are being controlled by the pet dealers of the Food Corporation. money in a few years, two bridges, and the low-priced food shops cers, contractors, and businessmen are eating that money. At think any further. But the awful truth is that the government offitribals, and that money is no doubt showing up when the baltrations in the ITDP areas for the backward people among these ment has no doubt granted monies through the district adminiscooperation of the Revenue Department and the courts of law The contractors (who carry political clout) control everything. least ten motor-roads have been built with the tribal development ance sheets are audited. The state government is not prepared to of what support is the poor tribal to live in the water and fight the a tribal, the taxes are reckoned in his name, and the tribal has no name of nonexistent tribals or forced the landowner to sell. Or traveled and observed for four days that most tribals are landof the tribal in the entire country. right to enter that land. This sample-survey asks: by the strength going through the motions of buying. The land is in the name of This Act is a failure. In Madhola I saw that people were not even the landowner knew nothing at all. This is happening with the failure. For shrewd exploiters have either bought land in the less. The "Act Prohibiting the Transfer of Tribal Land" is a total crocodile? We can thus form an idea of the land owning situation

money. I have toured some tribal areas of Bihar, Orissa, and various names, and for each there is an enormous amount of least thirty-five projects and subprojects in the ITDP sector in is similar there. The central and state governments have kept at adjacent to Pirtha, the Sarpanch gave me a bicycle. The picture well. There are projects, money is being spent, yet there is no West Bengal, mostly in Bihar. Such projects exist in this state as reflection in actual fact. I have seen only two tribal villages in Rawagarhi, the Block

Let me speak of the Pirtha area.

have grown kodo if there had been irrigation, but there isn't. small industry project. All the neighboring good land has been built. No school, no hospital, no good tracks. No self-supporting on the Pirtha River they might have been able to cultivate the There isn't enough drinking water. If there had been a double dam infertile. Yet they are dependent upon that land. The land might Forest Department land on the two shores, but it hasn't been Their land (even when given by the government) is stony and

distributed in the name of fake tribals. Madhoria, Singh, and Deokia, three families from Bhalpura, Sougandha, and Rajaura, are the actual owners of a few hundred acres here under false names. It is they who take water, irrigation, fertilizer, and pesticide in the name of the tribals. They are also the tribals' creditors. Most of the tribals from at least ten villages work in their fields in season at wages of two to two-and-a-half rupees. They are also lenders, and because of their understanding with the Forest rich contractors, working for the government, they are the money-Department their unlicensed sawmills are growing every day.

Whatever comes in their name, the government can show that it is spent in the tribal areas. And in fact others are plundering everything. But impartial investigation followed by confiscation and redistribution of land? That too is impossible. When in the records the owner is a tribal? And undoubtedly many different government departments on the district and state levels are involved in this plunder and robbery in ITDP sectors, and I also saw that as a result the budget in this sector is on the rise. These This is the main reason of the persistent famine here. bosses are buying buses and trucks.

The state government obviously does not want such news to be published. Therefore there is so much objection to the word "famine." This is just "drought."

infants and girl children. Touts take them for coolie labor at this Every year at this time, in villages like Pirtha, Madhola, Derha, Dholki, people die of starvation, of eating rotten scavenged material, of dehydration. Touts gather, the tribals sell their time as well. Two Gond families from Dholki went to work in Bombay and came back two years later as destitute skeletons.

called ITDP area, (a) some families are taking everything that's coming for tribals by holding false tribal names and by means of influence with government people and political clout. (b) This graft is in enormous amounts. For example, in the NCDC [National Cooperative Development Corporation—currently working with World Bank assistance] project from 80,000 to 100,000 LAMPS [Large Multipurpose Cooperative Societies] according to The SDO and BDO at headquarters knew that, in this sothe cooperative method. To take over this project some living tribrupees will be given for developing small businesses through als must be shown. Since Block and Subdivision offices raised objections to such a trumped up case, secret power battles are

still going on. (c) This must be exposed. (d) It is necessary to make it known that the true tribals in Pirtha are dying of mannade starvation and to explain why this will not be called 'famine"; and (e) to bring relief quickly to Pirtha.

organization. The state government will not allow us to say The little relief that has happened is thanks to a voluntary famine," because then it will be revealed that: In the ITDP sector of Pirtha the fruits of what comes in ITDP and related channels are enjoyed by others, but in forged tribal Many officers, politicians, and contractors are implicated

This is why it is so hard to get food by government channels tion. The ones who accepted this will suffer the double bind of and help had to be accepted from a non-government organizasevere administrative reprimands.

ment of course has the rule that ministries such as Food-Educa-Money in this account increases annually. And the governtion-Irrigation must spend one-fourth of the budget in tribal areas.

There is no reflection in the tribal areas of the money spent on these projects and balanced in the accounts of the ITDP sector.

There is, elsewhere.

There one can see everything that the government wants for the tribals: for example, advanced mechanized agriculture, income augmentation, general development, improvement in education.

Also mentioned transport, sawmills, lumber smuggling, et I have already mentioned that the land bears gold.

Health-Bhalpura has a hospital, nursing-home, maternity

Education? In Bhalpura and Rajaura together there is a co-ed college, a commercial college, two higher secondary schools with home, you name it.

Who will change this completely? Why should the State Government bother to say that famine continues on a mini-scale in the ITDP sector of Madhopura district?

boarding facilities and eight schools run by various organizations.

What will happen to the people of Pirtha?

Let us now see if there is any way of helping them.

They will not leave the hills. Whether they eat or starve, it is the symbol of their near-extinct ethnic being. Yet the productivity of that soil is extremely low. With irrigation, fertilizer, and timely

seeds, the soil can produce at the most four months' food

the handover of land and the cancellation of the Agricultural ness by applying the law ruthlessly on the basis of the illegality of The first necessity is to free them from slavery and indebted-

slaves receive some food, some food grain, which is a huge help slaves slave for him) to implement the emancipation. Bondsystem wants the feudal landowner to keep land, to have bondbond laborers will become slaves again in order to survive because of the administrative failure (or deliberate cruelty? This in their lives. like the bond slaves of Palamu whom I've seen myself, liberated At the same time we must give help for survival. Otherwise

continue to fight. had heard of "war footing." We cannot save them if we do not them live. Goats are hardy, they will live on grass and weeds. they can themselves say what plants they want, what will help food during the starvation months. Before planting the forests forests, giving them poultry and goats and giving them work and At the same time we must help their survival by creating

mats with Khajra leaves, and to arrange to sell them. hassocks and baskets with that strong and supple grass, to weave At this time it is also necessary to encourage them to build

school, a center for basket-weaving, handloom, and animal hus-Forest Department land. Then it is necessary to build in Gabahi a double dams on the Pirtha river, will help them cultivate the bandry—in order to make the women self-supporting—a primary health care center, and a modified ration shop Cementing the sides of the Pirtha pool, putting up at least two

interest other papers, I give you my word. —Puran.) the SDO. I am writing another report for the Daylight. I will try to (Harisharan, this extended report is for you. Give a xerox copy to I have used the name "Pirtha." The need is in every village.

able to give many "human angle stories" for the papers, following P.S. Let's keep the art of engraving for the Daylight. I will be

Motia's mother sold her children before this

Singh in Bhalpura Shankar's own son is a bond-slave in the family of Tehsildan

Pungarh did not eat poisonous tubers to commit suicide. They ate In Madhola, Ragho and Dashi, and Madho (female) in

> importance to the planting of Khajra. I ate it today, Shankar gave the root because they could get no more Khajra. Listen, give great me some. It's edible.

subsidize a house in Madhopura and the rental of a passenger town. He too is implicated in this ring. The shop's returns cannot lives in Bhilai truck. It's been bought by Dalpat Chhajan and the truck-owner from Pirtha and Dholki has a bicycle repair shop in Madhopura The brother of the man who's been buying infants and girls

people of this kind. He always mistreats people. The government has not built the hospital to treat famine-starved A certain Doctor Rao in Bhalpura Hospital told the Sarpanch

brother committed suicide of starvation with his wife and children. Dahi died of starvation this year. Year before last Dahi's elder

no help, only takes our vote. What do they do with our vote? And does the government live in Britain that they don't have news of Doga's mother in Pungarh said that the government gives us

government give water, land, or food? Look at the girl." communal chief spat and sat silent. An elder said, "Go away. A You'll write about us? What's going to happen with that? Will the reporter came two months ago as well. You'll take our pictures: The clearest truth was told by the tribals of Rawagarhi. Their

comely in a month if she had enough to eat. A young woman sat looking at the sky. She would have grown

She sold one of her twins, and the other died. Want to

take her picture? the wife has given birth to a son. lying before it. They are having thanks-giving rites for ten days, Rawagarhi and the pile of leaf-dishes used and thrown away, I took a picture of the fortress-like house of a boss of

the great tribal welfare project. spent in the last few years. I have taken pictures of the effects of In the name of these villages, millions of rupees have been

shacks with nothing more than wooden posts. "Building Houses for the Tribals"—the picture of a few broken

sell her last goat. "Help with animal husbandry"-Sona Gond on her way to

skeletons sitting with four skeleton children with swollen bellies. "Forest project for tribals"—a billboard saying "This Land "Integrated Mother and Child Care Project"—three female

Belongs to the Forest Department" surrounded by unbroken fields enclosed in barbed wire.

uprooted tubewell lies prone on the ground. Second picture, a Panchayat well, women standing at a distance with pitchers, and a ertain non-tribal Gabbar Singh washing a fat water-buffalo. Third "Drinking Water for the Tribal"—in the first picture an sicture, women gleaning water from the sandy bed of the Pirtha.

"Revolution in the tribal mode of cultivation"-parched and barren earth on the hillside slope, a bemused infant stopped short, looking questioningly into the eye of the camera.

"Fair price food for the tribal"—an old woman holds up a Khajra tuber she has picked.

with mat-covered bundles on their head, holding the hands of "No Famine Here"—skeletal men walking by the wayside, women and children. Look at the arrow-sign on the milestone— Bhalpura ten kilometers.

Harisharan, these pictures will reveal some truths and some lies.

The truths and the lies are the same.

The truth, the tribal receiver gets nothing.

The lie, the government's proclamations are only on paper, they do nothing when it comes to the reality.

Look at the last picture.

beneficiaries of tribal development." I have mentioned his name earlier, but look again. Of course, I'll write, "It is alleged that the Three houses framed one in the next. "Houses of the real owners of such houses cultivate land recorded in the name of fake tribals in advanced and scientific ways."

Then you cope.

Again, Puran.

The "oil bath" takes place quietly.

Bikhia, the only discoverer of the embodied ancestral soul gives everyone oil from a small bowl at the point of a twig in ceremonial way.

form of the ancestral soul as is appropriate to the funeral rites of Why does this boy observe the same rule in the matter of the the formerly living? No one asks this question

Did he see its death?

No questions asked.

Did he cremate or bury it?

No questions asked.

But the flow of excitement travels like a current of electricity. Did the soul of the ancestors come in this way? Or didn't it? Did they fall into mourning at a dreadful news? Pirtha knows,

There are many rites after the oil bath, Pirtha will perform hem as needed. Puran realizes that the crisis of the menaced existence of the ribals, of the extinction of their ethnic being, pushed and pushed them toward the dark. Looking at Bikhia's tawny matted hair, freshly shaven face, he understood that they were being defeated as they were searching nent and administration. It was then that the shadow of that bird in this world for a reason for the ruthless unconcern of governwith its wings spread came back as at once myth and analysis.

This is a new myth. For the soul of those long dead will return hundreds of years later in the form of an unknown tired bird. Such a thing is probably not there even in their oral tradition.

But from now on they will wait in their suffering and in evil times for that shadow, otherwise this deception cannot be humanly explained. Having drawn that stone tablet Bikhia is the guardian of the new myth. He will protect it.

ance. Now something has happened that is their very own, a And this mourning, this "oil bath" has given them an assurthing beyond the reach of the understanding and grasp and invasion and plunder of the outsider.

Everybody's face and eyes are very different, beyond Puran's Is this collective shaving and bath really purifying them? reach, did Puran ever reach this?

his shoulder. How self-absorbed, how calm, how distant Bikhia is Puran shaves and bathes and then descends with his bag on now, Puran's breast trembles.

— Good-bye, Bikhia.

— Yes, Babu.

He doesn't say "come again," no one does. Shankar smiles wanly and says, "Come at the drought.

- If only I can catch the rain clouds!

 Let me walk down. I'll get a truck. Shankar says, "How will you go?"

Sarpanchji?

- You tell him
- The Block Officer won't come today?
- And relief will stop too

thinking. But we will not leave Pirtha." Shankar says softly, "I don't know what the Block Officer is

more, or will they leave?" know that all the places it visited are ours. Can anyone leave anyour place? Now no tribal will leave. The ancestors' soul let us He looks around and says, "Why should we leave? Isn't this

- Is that what it let you know? Who told you this?

Shankar says triumphantly.

and many supports for survival To the fertile fields, to the plains, where there is plenty of water, will not go anywhere leaving those stones, hills, caves, and river. Puran shakes and shakes his head. They will not leave, they

If they want to give us aid, let them give it to us here

our dues here.' did they give it back? No, we won't go anywhere. Let them give us took it from us. They were supposed to return it to us, to whom Spreading his arms, he says, "All this land was ours, the kings

- nothing worse can happen. If not let them forget, let them forget us. At most we'll die,

caverns. But Puran does not say this. Some rare deaths become myths and ascend from the dark

- Good-bye, Shankar.
- Yes, Babu.

ping on map, to get down in Gabahi, wiping his damp eyes, finally stop-To reach from the back to the tail of the animal in the survey the road and looking out for a truck, how much time

Seventy-five million years?

Five thousand years

Pirtha village in his heart. There is no need to look back at Pirtha hill. Puran is carrying

Today he must leave Rajaura as well.

No need to go to Madhopura

Pirtha is everything, all other places now seem trivial

What will he tell Harisharan

What will Harisharan tell him?

- of Pirtha? Harisharan, do you know the final experience of the story
- We have lost somewhere, to Bikhia's people, to Pirtha. By

— What? What? What?

- much more barbaric at heart. We are defeated. and there is no communication point. There was a message in the comparison with the ancient civilizations modern progress is point between us and the pterodactyl. We belong to two worlds Do you know the final word? There is no communication-
- bled with the terror of discovering a real pterodactyl.

The pterodactyl was myth and message from the start. We trem-We missed it. We suffered a great loss, yet we couldn't know it. pterodactyl, whether it was a fact or not, and we couldn't grasp it.

- continent in the name of civilization. the tribals: Leaving it undiscovered, we have slowly destroyed a And Pirtha? We built no communication point to establish contact with
- There isn't anything at all?
- Nothing at all
- Is it impossible to build it?
- ways, their world and our world are different, we have never had Where is the time now, at the last gasp of the century? Parallel For a few thousand years we haven't loved them, respected them. real exchange with them, it could have enriched us. To build it you must love beyond reason for a long time
- And ... the engraving of the pterodactyl?
- Bikhia knows.

speaking for both. Yes, this is indeed the truth. Puran repeats the dialogue a number of times in his mind,

We have lost.

shelter, had come to say. Bikhia has probably understood what the pterodactyl, seeking

Puran has no

we didn't want to and now it is evident that Bikhia's people are finally much more civilized, holder of the ancient civilization, and Harisharan, Harisharan! We have not understood, because

so finally they did not learn our barbarism, there is possibly no synonym for "exploitation" in their language. Our responsibility was to protect them. That's what their eyes spoke.

dedicate us to this work when the century's sun is in the western ble price, look at history, the aggressive civilization has destroyed Only love, a tremendous, excruciating, explosive love can still sky, otherwise this aggressive civilization will have to pay a terriitself in the name of progress, each time.

Love, excruciating love, let that be the first step. Now Puran's amazed heart discovers what love for Pirtha there is in his heart, perhaps he cannot remain a distant spectator anywhere in life.

Pterodactyl's eyes.

Bikhia's eyes.

defeated. A continent! We destroyed it undiscovered, as we are lization of India, oh first sustaining civilization, we are in truth Oh ancient civilization, the foundation and ground of the cividestroying the primordial forest, water, living beings, the human.

A truck comes by.

Puran raises his hand, steps up.

has been used literally. Madhya Pradesh is here India, Nagesia village the entire tribal society. I have deliberately conflated the ways, rules, and customs of different Austric tribes and groups, and the idea of the ancestral soul is also my own. I have merely tried to express my estimation, born of experience, of Indian tribal In this piece no name—such as Madhya Pradesh or Nagesia society, through the myth of the pterodactyl. —Mahasweta Devi.]

Afterword

project of an intellectual. In cólloquial Bengali today, anushilan is carefully," Mahasweta says in conversation, "Pterodactyl' will communicate the agony of the tribals." And in Guha has commented on the Sanskritized translation of "culture" innovated by Bankimchandra Chatterjee, the celebrated ninean. 1 Here as elsewhere, the colloquial language takes away the again in conversation, "Didi [Mahasweta] leaves too much unsaid. Not everyone can understand her point of view." Ranajit teenth-century Bengali nationalist writer and intellectual: anushiattention, concentration. What Mahasweta asks for is anushilan, December 1992, Gopiballabh Singh Deo lovingly complained, on our part, of the First Nation, the Adim Jalti.

I am learning to write on Mahasweta as if an attentive reading without which no literature should be possible. This is a learning to open the structure of an impossible social justice glimpsed witness to the specificity of language, theme, and history as well as of her texts permits us to imagine an impossible undivided world; because such a permission can be earned only by way of attention to the specificity of these writings. Since the general tendency in eading and teaching so-called "Third World" literature is toward on essays with each of my translations, attempting to intervene and transform this tendency. I have, perhaps foolishly, attempted through remote and secret encounters with singular figures; to bear to supplement hegemonic notions of a hybrid global culture with an uninstructed cultural relativism, I have always written companhis experience of an impossible global justice.²

I believe that the same habit of mind—a vision of impossible ustice through attention to specificity-may draw a reader to Marx, to Mahasweta, and to Derrida, in different ways. My earlier companion essays perhaps showed this too enthusiastically. And he general uneasiness about (or unexamined celebration of) Derrida's critique of humanism compromised their reception. My own sense of their inadequacy is related to an insufficient prepaation in the specific political situation of the Indian tribal. I have